

# **The Osteopathic Physician**

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# The Osteopathic Physician

Volume XXI.

CHICAGO, JUNE, 1912

Number 6

## Osteopathic Convention at Detroit to be One of the City's Big Events of the Year

OUR osteopathic brothers and sisters at Detroit are doing themselves proud in their preparations for the National Convention. They have worked out well conceived plans to the minutest details to make it a splendid convention osteopathically; an excellent general program as well as complete arrangements for special meetings such as class reunions, fraternity meetings, etc. Not only are they arranging to make it an A number one osteopathic event but by their energy in stirring up public interest in Detroit, they have positively assured that the American Osteopathic Association Convention will be one of the big public events of the city of Detroit for the year. State officials and city officials have been interested in the proposition as well as all the hotel people and amusement enterprise people and the owners of the big commercial enterprises and manufacturing industries, for which Detroit is famous. Everybody in Detroit knows that the osteopaths are coming and that they are coming in large numbers, and they are prepared to welcome them enthusiastically. The gates of the city have been thrown open, and business men and manufacturers have extended invitations for the visitors to inspect their places of business and their manufacturing plants, in fact no consideration or courtesy that could be thought of to extend to visitors has been overlooked. Pleasure trips and social events have been well provided for, and Detroit affords many beautiful and interesting pleasure trips especially by water.

From all that we can learn, we feel that osteopaths of the state of Michigan and the city of Detroit have labored exceedingly hard and exceedingly well in the preparations for the big convention, and we hope that their efforts will be rewarded by a representative attendance. The time is rapidly approaching, and in fact, now is, when definite preparations for attending the convention, should be made. If arrangements are put off until later, something is liable to be forgotten or something unforeseen will occur which will consume time and attention until it is too late to arrange, at least conveniently, for the trip, and so possibly it would be abandoned.

Our National conventions are of the supremest importance to the welfare of osteopathy as a profession, and in a city the size of Detroit, that has shown such a friendly attitude toward the convention, we have an opportunity to create a tremendous impression, the effect of which will not be lost for years, if indeed it is ever entirely lost.

It is really the duty of every osteopathic physician who possibly can do so, to attend the National Convention, but it is a very pleasant duty and one that brings to the individual great personal benefit.

Cancel all dates and arrangements for the last week in July, and be ready to pack your grip and get away in good time for the big meeting.

Make up your mind to do it and you can; if you fail to go you will miss an exceptional educational opportunity and an excellent va-

cation, and when you hear about all the fine features you will abuse yourself for the rest of the year. Don't take any chances, make your transportation reservations now.



William H. Jones, A. M., D. O., M. D., of Adrian, Michigan, President Michigan Osteopathic Association, Secretary Michigan Board of Registration in Osteopathy, Founder and Proprietor of Michigan Osteopathic and Surgical Sanitarium and Delegate to Republican National Convention at Chicago.

### Dr. Jones, of Adrian, Delegate to Republican Convention, Predicts Big Crowd at Detroit

JUST before going to press we received a telephone message from the Michigan Republican League headquarters at the Congress Hotel, stating that Dr. William H. Jones of Adrian, Michigan, was in town to attend the Republican National Convention, being one of the Michigan delegates. We went over to visit and see if there was anything new from Detroit about the osteopathic convention. Dr. Jones assured us that the various committees having the details in charge were vieing with each other to see which could do the most to make the convention a complete and unqualified success, and just a little better than anything of the kind in osteopathic history.

Judging from reports received from various states, Dr. Jones is of the opinion that the Detroit convention crowd will be fully as

great as that at Chicago. In regard to accommodations, he states that all of the Detroit hotels have guaranteed not to increase their rates, but to give visitors from outside states better opportunity of getting rooms at the Ponchartrain, it had been suggested that the Griswold Hotel be made the headquarters for the Michigan crowd outside of those living in Detroit in order that there would be thus more rooms at the Ponchartrain for visitors from other parts. Nothing definite, however, has as yet been done about this.

Dr. Jones told us that arrangements are being made to have a room for the Michigan Board of Examination and Registration in Osteopathy which will be open to, and headquarters for, visiting members of the various osteopathic examination boards throughout the country. An effort will be made to hold a number of informal meetings and thus get the members of the boards personally acquainted and give them an opportunity to discuss their various problems. A special endeavor will be made to work out an arrangement for a more liberal reciprocity agreement between osteopathic state boards. This is unquestionably an excellent plan, and if it receives full co-operation should prove of great benefit to members of the profession when they desire to change from one state to another. We urge presidents and secretaries of state boards and the individual members of the composite boards to at once write Dr. Jones expressing their ideas on this plan and stating whether or not they will be willing to assist in establishing a better reciprocity understanding.

Dr. Jones tells us that under the wording of the present Michigan state law any osteopath, who is a graduate of a reputable school and who has been in practice five years, can at the discretion of the board, and on the payment of \$25.00, be given a license to practice in Michigan without taking examination. The Michigan board has always been very liberal in its attitude in this matter and so far it has never refused a license to an applicant who applied on this basis. This provision of the law, however, is likely to be changed next year, so any practitioner who has been in practice five years and desires to get a Michigan license should arrange to do so at once. Those who have not been in practice five years are required to have a high school or college diploma as a preliminary educational qualification. The law is explicit on this point, and the board is not given any option in the matter. Certificates purporting to show an equivalent preliminary education will not do, the applicant must have a high school or college diploma.

In our short visit with Dr. Jones at the Congress Hotel, he proved conclusively to us that he was well named by Dr. Herbert Bernard during the Chicago convention last year, namely: "The best politician in the entire profession, barring none." We met more senators, governors, congressmen and honorables in this short visit than the average man meets in a lifetime. It seems to us regrettable that more osteopaths do not interest themselves in the political game, as it undoubtedly has an important bearing on the welfare of the profession. Hundreds of M. D.'s are at this

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Republican convention, but as far as we could ascertain, Dr. Jones is the only osteopath from any part of the United States who is in any way officially connected with the affair. We suggested that his political genius would be of value in the political affairs of our National Osteopathic Convention, and asked him why he had not become more identified with this phase of osteopathic work, but he declared that he was about through with politics and active sanitarium practice as well. He indicated that he and his wife are arranging to retire from active practice, but would not say what he had in view, nor did he confirm a report that we have had that Dr. Classen of Ann Arbor, Dr. Holcomb, Dr. Jackson, Dr. Bullock and others of Detroit are expecting to purchase his property or had any option on it. We hope, however, that Dr. Jones is not contemplating retiring entirely from the osteopathic field. The inner workings of politics are misunderstood and misjudged by many, but it is just the same an important factor in our national life and it affects us socially, professionally, and in almost every phase of our various activities. Dr. Jones, by his political influence and sagacity, has done much to advance the cause of osteopathy in Michigan, and he was instrumental in securing for it an Independent State Board at a time when such boards were few and far between. He is too valuable a man for us to lose, and we trust that he will remain in active osteopathic practice for many years to come.

### Greeting from the President of the Michigan State Osteopathic Association

COME to Detroit, the city beautiful. Detroit, the central gateway of international commerce. Detroit, far famed as the tourist's paradise. Detroit, the sumptuous home of the automobile, spreading abroad its multi-floral gasoline incense. Detroit, where every prospect pleases and life is ever worth living. Come to Detroit for one grand week of pleasure and profit. Come and bring your family, your friends and osteopathic neighbors. Be sure they will enjoy it and, rising up, call you blessed.

Detroit awaits your coming with open arms and will reward your effort tenfold.

You know all the reasons why you should attend a National Osteopathic Convention. The object of this small editorial is to point out a few of the delights that await you in our beautiful City of the Straits. Come and be convinced, rejuvenated, recreated for the tasks of the ensuing year.

Our great health-resort state has ever been just and friendly to osteopathy. Michigan was among the first to enact legislation recognizing osteopathy as a profession—first officially in 1897 and again in 1903. Michigan law grants the light to all licensed osteopaths to practice their profession as taught by the recognized schools and to issue birth and death certificates. Michigan law created one of the first independent Osteopathic Boards of Registration and Examination. This year marks the sixteenth anniversary of our official recognition by the State of Michigan, and since it is also the sixteenth annual convention of the A. O. A., it should be fittingly celebrated by the largest and most enthusiastic gathering of osteopaths since the founding of our school of practice.

Let no pressing business or petty cares keep you away from this feast of reason and panorama of pleasure. The various committees are actively at work with arrangements for your mental and physical entertainment. There will not be one dull or idle moment during that great week from July 27 to August 2, and as much longer as you are able to stay.

Nowhere on earth are the media of entertainment more diverse and attractive. Palace steamers at the wharves await your coming to convey you for delightful trips over the great cool lakes or to the nearby pleasure resorts—to Belle Isle, the beautiful gem in the bosom of Detroit river; or should you care for sightseeing, motor conveyances and countless street cars speed in every direction, past the colossal plants of the world's greatest automobile factories, or down the river to Ft. Wayne and the immense chemical works along the shore.

In Detroit are located the largest drug and medical laboratories on the globe, all open for your inspection. Here are compounded countless varieties of drugs, medicines, chemicals, perfumes, etc., while near at hand is the largest white lead and paint manufactory ever constructed. Eminent chemists, bacteriologists, scientists and inventors of high repute, toil ceaselessly in these laboratories and fac-



Hotel Ponchartrain, Detroit, Convention Headquarters.

tories to advance human knowledge and to ward off disease. Their efforts are open to your observation and inspection. Come and see what science, invention and art are doing to enhance the comfort, longevity and pleasure of the human race.

Detroit invites you, the local committee urge you, to lay aside all other business, read the attractive program already published, go to the nearest ticket office, ascertain the low fares and prepare to start for Detroit in time to attend every session of the American Osteopathic Association.—*William H. Jones, D. O.*, President Michigan State Osteopathic Association.

### From the Clinic Committee

AS chairman of the Clinic Committee I should like to hear from all those members who are to be on the program—in this order to get their ideas as to their individual needs in the way of clinic material. Everything points to an abundance of material. However, we want to meet the individual's idea of what he or she thinks best for demonstration.

It also appears feasible to hold a few side clinics for the direct benefit of practitioners who wish to specialize. How does this strike you? Let's hear from the field.

Of course, these would be held at a time *not to conflict* with the general order of things.

Last, but not least, let's have the photographs of all members on the program, together with a synopsis of what you have to present and how you intend to present it. This is for newspaper publicity, so don't forget to make it sensational and yet within the facts. This will appeal to newspapers and make it acceptable.

Please let me have this as soon as you possibly can.—*Theodore L. Herroder, D. O.*, Chairman Clinic Committee.

### Official Message from A. O. A. Arrangement Committee

TWO thousand osteopaths sitting down to breakfast in Detroit on Monday morning, July 29 next, is what the chairmen of the arrangements committee are now confidently figuring on. Plans are being made also to have the city's supply of grape-fruit and corn flakes fully up to standard on that occasion.

The Detroit College of Medicine Alumni has just concluded a week of clinics here and many of the pulpits and platforms were occupied by "regular" orators.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson, whom the newspapers describe as the "eminent medical man and brilliant magazine writer on health subjects," made some startling remarks. "We have pretty well given up the search for specifics," he said, "and we are coming to common sense and to the public for help in the situation, with which we are unable to cope alone."

Then apparently to show that the "regular" advance toward Osteopathy is no mere dream, the "eminent" doctor tells us "there has been too much of an idea that man is of few days and full of troubles. The *human machine* is really one of the very best and enduring ever made."

"Target Talks" on osteopathy for the pulpit and platform are expected to be a leading feature of our convention. Therefore our rhetorical sharpshooters should prepare for the making of high scores. This is a strong drug town and it will take *some shooting* to score a point for every pill.

All the chairmen are working hard, and from the reception given the Bulletin, and the general enthusiasm, there is no doubt that the Detroit meeting is going to set a new mark in attendance and mutual profit.

For the few who may still be debating the question of buying a ticket and making reservations it may be said again that the very best way of securing your own and the profession's interests is to get the convention spirit if you haven't it, and show it if you have.—*Henry B. Sullivan, D. O.*, Chairman Arrangements Committee.

### A Report from the Transportation Committee

WE take pleasure in making the following announcement of special train arrangements with the Michigan Central Railroad for osteopaths, their families, and friends, from Chicago to Detroit, account the sixteenth annual convention of the American Osteopathic Association, July 29 to August 2.

Our special train will leave Chicago from the Central Station, foot of Twelfth street and Michigan avenue, at 10 a. m., Monday, July 29, and arrive in Detroit at 5 p. m. the same day. The leaving time from Chicago has been so arranged that all those west of Chicago may

arrive in Chicago on Monday morning, and have ample time for connections with this train.

The special train will consist of buffet library car and as many Pullman cars as may be required, including observation parlor car. Also dining car, serving luncheon a la carte. In fact, our train will be as high grade as it is possible for any railroad to furnish. Rate for seat in Pullman car, from Chicago to Detroit, \$1.00.

Railroad fare between Chicago and Detroit is \$5.50 one way, \$11 round trip. See your local ticket agent regarding rates from your city. Be sure your ticket reads via the Michigan Central Railroad from Chicago. During the period of our convention round-trip tickets at greatly reduced rates will be on sale to various eastern destinations, and those who desire to go beyond Detroit after the convention can take advantage of these rates, as they are good for stop-over at Detroit for a period of from one to ten days.

It is very essential that we know as soon as possible just how many will go on our special train so that we may arrange for ample accommodations for all. You are, therefore, requested to fill out and mail the enclosed post card to Mr. C. C. Clark, general agent, New York Central Lines, 228 South Clark street, Chicago, Illinois, who will advise you of your reservation on the special, and will also give you any information that you may desire regarding special rates, etc.

We trust that we may have the pleasure of your company on this special, as the daylight ride will enable us to get well acquainted before our arrival at Detroit.—Dr. J. R. McDougall, Chairman Transportation Committee.

**Program of the Sixteenth Annual Meeting of the American Osteopathic Association**

**Monday, July 29.**

- 10:00 a. m. State Meetings.
- 8:00 p. m. General Reception and Annual Ball.

**Tuesday, July 30.**

- 9:30 Invocation.
- Address of Welcome.
- President's Address—Dr. James L. Holloway.
- 10:30 Osteopathy vs. Drup Therapy—Dr. C. B. Atzen.
- 11:00 The Inherent Weakness and Developed Deformity of Every Man's Spine—Dr. Earle S. Willard.
- 11:30 Report of Publication and Education Committees.

**Clinics.**

- 2:00 Diseases of the Heart—Dr. J. Ivan Dufur.
- 2:40 Treatment—Dr. Eugene Link.
- 3:00 Diseases of the Lungs—Dr. T. J. Ruddy.
- 3:40 Treatment—Dr. A. C. Williams.
- 4:00 Round Table; Acute Practice—Moderator, Dr. Leslie Keyes; Leaders, Dr. A. D. Becker, Dr. J. S. Bach, Dr. Della B. Caldwell.

**Wednesday, July 31**

- 9:00 Mechanical Principles of the Human Body—Dr. R. K. Smith.
- 9:30 Mechanical Changes Incident to Puberty—Dr. G. W. Bumpus.
- 10:00 Osteopathic Examinations on Public School Children (Benefits and Possibilities)—Dr. W. D. Dobson.
- 10:30 Relation of Osteopathy to Social Problems—Dr. J. W. Jones.
- 11:00 Report of the A. T. Still Research Institute.

**Clinics.**

- 2:00 Diseases of the Stomach—Dr. George Laughlin.
- 2:40 Treatment—Dr. A. B. Clarke.
- 3:00 Diseases of the Liver—Dr. D. S. B. Pennock.
- 3:40 Treatment.
- 4:00 Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Section. (Program given below.)

**Thursday, August 1.**

- 9:00 Border-Line Cases Between Osteopathy and Surgery—Dr. S. L. Taylor.
- 9:30 Differential Diagnosis of Hysteria and Neurasthenia—Dr. L. von H. Gerdinge.
- 10:00 Legislative Report—Dr. Asa Willard.
- 12:00 Election of Officers.

**Clinics.**

- 2:00 Osteopathic Conception of Arthritis—Dr. Kendall L. Achorn.
- 2:30 Open.
- 3:00 Diseases of the Blood—Dr. C. A. Whiting.
- 3:40 Treatment—Dr. R. D. Emery.
- 4:00 Round Table; Pediatrics—Moderator, Dr. M. L. Sims; Leader, Dr. M. A. Hawke.

**Friday, August 2.**

- 9:00 Vaccination from an Osteopathic Viewpoint—Dr. J. Deason.
- 9:30 Demonstration of Exercises Accessory to Treatment—Dr. William S. Nichol.
- 10:00 Care and Treatment of the Pregnant Woman—Dr. E. R. Proctor.
- 10:30 Routine Examination of the Nervous System—Dr. H. W. Forbes.
- 11:00 Open.
- 11:30 Open.
- 2:00 Indications for Surgical Interference in Gynecology—Dr. J. B. Littlejohn.
- 2:30 Uterine Mal-Positions; Diagnosis and Treatment—Dr. Orella Locke.
- 3:00 Gall-Stones; Treatment and Experience—Dr. R. W. Conner.
- 3:30 Main Points of Weakness of the Profession. (A constructive criticism)—Dr. George Still.

6:30 Annual Dinner at Hotel Pontchartrain.

**Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Section—C. C. Reid, Chairman.**

A symposium on the eye, ear, nose and throat, giving stereopticon views:

- (a) Examination and Diagnosis of Diseases of the Eye—Charles C. Reid.
- (b) Examination and Diagnosis of Diseases of the Ear—M. M. Ring.
- (c) Examination and Diagnosis of Diseases of the Nose and Throat—T. J. Ruddy.

Exact Methods of Diagnosis and Treatment in Diseases of the Eye—R. H. Emery.

Instruments Used in Eye Work—S. M. Hunter.

Results of Investigations the Past Year by Osteopathic Treatment of the Ear, Nose and Throat—Mary S. Crosswell.

Treatment of Nasal Obstruction by the Osteopathic Physician—A. H. Hall.

**CURED.**

She had a bit of a dizzy spell,  
So she took some medicine for it;  
She didn't enjoy her breakfast well,  
So she took some medicine for it;  
She sat humped up in a stuffy nook  
With her glances glued to a trashy book  
And her face acquired a pallid look,  
So she took some medicine for it.

When she sat in a draught she had to sneeze,  
So she took some medicine for it;  
She was bothered by weakness around the knees,  
So she took some medicine for it;  
She kept inside when the days were cold,  
She remained shut in when the winds were bold,  
And she got to feeling infirm and old,  
So she took some medicine for it.

She lay awake in her bed at night,  
So she took some medicine for it;  
She lost her smile and her appetite,  
So she took some medicine for it;  
Six men all dressed in the dullest black  
Took her out one day and she never came back,  
And the druggist was grieved because, alack!  
She took no medicine for it.—Record-Herald.

**Foregone Conclusion.**

"A foremost citizen in a small town had an attack of appendicitis. The editor heard the report and hurriedly made an item of it which he printed in this wise: 'Our esteemed fellow-citizen, James L. Brown, will go to the hospital tomorrow to be operated upon for the removal of his appendix by Dr. Jones. He will leave a wife and two children.'—Houston Post.

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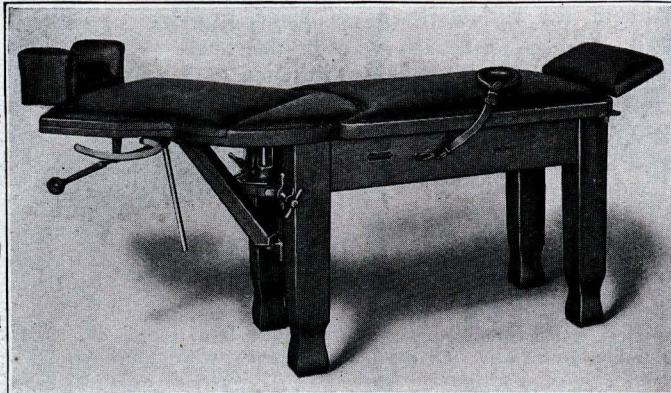
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### Pennsylvania's Annual Meeting

THE thirteenth annual convention of the Pennsylvania Osteopathic Association will be held at the Fort Pitt Hotel, Pittsburgh, June 21st and 22d.

The meeting will be called to order at two o'clock on Friday afternoon, Dr. H. M. Vastine, president, in the chair. After an address of welcome and the president's address, Dr. George M. Laughlin will conduct a clinic.

After another clinic with demonstrations by Dr. F. A. Turfler, of Rensselaer, Ind., there will be a most interesting and helpful symposium on Obstipation, as arranged by Dr. Julia E. Foster of Butler, Pa. Dr. Foster will preside during the symposium.

The evening will be devoted to a banquet, tickets for which cost only \$1.50 per plate. The menu as arranged is an unusually fine one for this figure, and we hope that every osteopath who attends the convention will make it a point to be present at the banquet. Among those who will respond to toasts is Dr. Clarence Kerr, of Cleveland, Ohio, who has lately brought out another play, which seems destined to have as big a run as his former production.

At the Saturday morning session Dr. W. L. Grubb, of Pittsburgh, will present his views on "Diagnosis by the Iris," and Dr. W. S. Nicholl, of Philadelphia, will demonstrate on clinical subjects "Manipulative Treatment of Common Diseases of the Eye." Dr. Laughlin will occupy an hour at this session with further demonstrations of cases illustrative of osteopathic orthopedics, and also taking up nervous diseases, if any cases are presented. Dr. M. E. Clark, of Indianapolis, will also speak at this session, on "Observations in Cases of Indigestion," with clinic cases of anemia, malassimilation, gastroptosis, etc.

A seventy-five cent luncheon will be served at noon by the Fort Pitt Hotel, to which all in attendance at the meeting will be especially welcomed, and everybody will be made to feel at home if the Pittsburgh hosts of the meeting can accomplish it.

The afternoon session will be given over to a discussion and demonstration by Dr. Ralph H. Williams, of Rochester, N. Y., of "Broken Arches and Kindred Affections." This subject is one to which Dr. Williams has devoted much time

and thought, and his conclusions do not entirely accord with those of others in some respects. At this session the reports of officers and committees will be heard, and the elections of officers held.

A most cordial invitation is extended to all practitioners in neighboring states. The officers of the Pennsylvania Osteopathic Association had hoped to send invitations personally to the osteopaths of the states bordering ours, but find it impracticable, so take this method of inviting all. Get banquet reservations ahead of Dr. E. N. Hansen, 604 Arrott Bldg., Pittsburgh.—E. M. Downing, D. O., Secretary.

### Vindictiveness of M. D.'s Reduces Osteopath to Poverty

THE persistent persecution of the M. D.'s has caused the practical bankruptcy of Dr. E. D. Warren, and reduced his family to actual poverty. The case has arisen from a technical violation of the Medical Practice Act of Texas, and it shows to what indefensible lengths the M. D.'s will go in order to get vengeance on an osteopath. Dr. Warren, who had been practicing at Kansas City, Mo., about a year ago, on the suggestion of a patient, went to Lubbock, Texas, and opened an office. He was under the impression that he would be able to get a license under reciprocity having passed the state board examinations of both Kansas and Minnesota, besides having a license to practice in Missouri. However, after he had filed his request for license, it was refused on account of there being no reciprocity for osteopathy in Texas. In the meantime, he was arrested on a charge of practicing without a license. Four indictments were brought against him. One was dismissed, and on the three remaining charges he was required to give a bond of \$1,500. The cases were continued on account of a similar case being carried to a higher court, and on the advice of the judge and his own attorney, he gave up his practice in Texas and left the state. It was the opinion of his attorney that the cases pending against Dr. Warren would be dismissed. Dr. Warren went to Joplin, Missouri, and opened an office for practice. His bondsman

in Lubbock, in the meantime, kept him advised of the situation there. The case was continued from time to time until finally it was called about the 1st of May. Some way or other, Dr. Warren neglected to be represented in court, and his bond was forfeited, and the Texas county attorney applied for requisition papers from the governor of Texas, and wired the sheriff at Joplin to have Dr. Warren arrested as a fugitive from justice. Dr. Warren gave bonds for his appearance, and prepared to fight the demands of the Texas county attorney.

A telegram was sent to Governor Hadley asking for a hearing before the requisition was granted, but while waiting for the arrival of the Texas sheriff to go to Jefferson City to argue the case, a message was received from the Governor saying that the telegram had been mislaid and before it had been brought to his notice the requisition papers had been signed and the sheriff had left. However, the governor wired the sheriff not to take Dr. Warren before he had had a hearing before the circuit judge. The judge decided that as the governor signed the papers, he saw no reason for making any delay in the matter and remanded him to the Texas sheriff. The attorneys for Dr. Warren immediately wired the facts to Governor Hadley but he was away from home and could not be reached. As soon as he was gotten in touch with, he revoked the requisition, but in the meantime, Dr. Warren had been hustled across the border line and nothing further could be done.

He was tried June 3rd, and fined \$50.00 and costs and ten days in the jail on each of two cases, the third being withdrawn. The costs will probably be about \$50.00 in each case. Dr. Warren is without funds and if he is required to work out the fines, it will be months before he is released.

In the meantime, Dr. Warren's practice at Joplin, Missouri, is totally neglected, and his family is without funds to provide everyday necessities.

When Dr. Warren removed to Lubbock, he was at considerable expense and was not able to get practice quickly, so that he was having much difficulty in making ends meet. The original prosecution cost him a lot of money, also his return trip to Joplin, and he was only just beginning to get on his feet when this action on the part of the Texas authorities reduced him to a practically penniless condition.

We are informed that Mrs. Warren, in addition to the mental suffering caused by all this trouble is in actual financial need to meet current necessities. Dr. Warren being held at Lubbock, Texas, it is impossible for him to do anything. It may be weeks or even months before he will be able to get away.

We suggest that this case be investigated by the Missouri Osteopathic Association, and we hope there may be some in the profession who will feel disposed to come to the assistance of Dr. Warren and his family at this critical time.

The way in which Dr. Warren was handled was certainly an outrage. He was not given any more consideration or courtesy than would have been given to a hardened criminal with a bad record, while the truth of the matter is that he has not committed any crime, but has been made the victim of a technical violation of a state statute.

### New England Convention Declared a Big Success

IT was the consensus of opinion that the eighth annual convention of the New England Osteopathic Association held at the Hotel Vendome, Boston, May 24th and 25th, eclipsed all previous efforts of the members.

For months the committee of arrangements, headed by Dr. John J. Howard, worked assiduously to make the convention a success, and their efforts were crowned with a great victory.

The program was the best from a purely osteopathic standpoint ever offered by the association. Practical work was a distinct feature.

The banquet was of a different character than previous ones, and the entertainment given the members was of the best.

The program was as follows: Friday, May 24, opening exercises with addresses by Rev. Hugh Roe O'Donnell, rector of St. Anthony's Church, and Dr. Frank A. Dennette. "Cervical Lesions," Dr. Lottie C. Barbee, Springfield, Mass.; Discussion led by Dr. W. Arthur Smith, Boston, Mass.; "Osteopathy and Its Relation to Children," Dr. Ward C. Bryant, Greenfield, Mass.; Discussion, Dr. Margaret M. Poole, Fall River, Mass.; "Something Further on the Subject of Autotoxemia," Dr. Willard D. Emery, Manchester, N. H.; Discussion, Dr. Ralph K. Smith, Boston, Mass.; "The Innominate," Dr. Charles D. Flanagan, Providence, R. I.; Discussion, Dr. William H. Jones, Marlboro, Mass.; "Brachial Neuritis," Dr. George E. Smith, Boston; Discussion, Dr. Aubrey W. Hart, Boston, Saturday, May 25th, "Arthritis," Dr. A. B. Clark, New York; Discussion, Dr. Kendall L. Achorn, Boston, Mass.; Symposium: "Nervous Diseases," "General Survey and Clinic," Dr. J. Ivan Dufur, Philadelphia, Pa.; "Some Individual Ideas on Neurasthenia," Dr. C. Edward Farnum, Newport, R. I.; "Physical Examination," Dr. C. Roy Clemens, Boston, Mass.; Discussion, Dr. Alfred W. Rogers, Boston, Mass.; "Flat-foot," Dr. John J. Howard, Boston; Discussion, Dr. Geo. D. Wheeler, Melrose, Mass.; "Osteopathic Diagnosis and Practical Bone Setting," Dr. Francis A. Tuffer, Rensselaer, Indiana; Discussion, Dr. Howard T. Crawford, Boston; The Osteopathic Management of Gynecological Cases. Symposium: "General Survey," Dr. Lallah Morgan, Providence, R. I.; "Osseous Lesions," Dr. Eugene C. Link, Stamford, Conn.; "Bi-Manual Manipulation," Dr. Clarke F. Fletcher, New York, N. Y.; Discussion, Dr. Ada A. Achorn, Boston, Mass.

Banquet Speakers: His Excellency, Eugene N. Foss, Governor of Massachusetts; Hon. John F. Fitzgerald, Mayor of Boston; Edwin Mulready, Probation Commissioner; Mrs. Florence E. Shaal, Mgr. Woman's Dept. Equitable Life Assurance Society; Hon. M. J. Murray, Judge of the Municipal Court, Boston; Congressman Wm. F. Murray; Representative John F. Meaney of Blackstone, member of the Massachusetts Legislature.

Artists: Lotus Male Quartet; Nakoma Mandolin Club; William J. Troy, Humorist.

The Committee of Arrangements was: Chairman, Dr. John J. Howard, Boston, Mass.; Dr. Ward C. Bryant, Greenfield, Mass.; Dr. Irving Colby, New London, Conn.

The newly elected officers are: President, Dr. Ward C. Bryant, Greenfield, Mass.; vice-presidents, Dr. Alson H. Gleason, Worcester, Mass.; Dr. Genoa A. Sanborn, Skowhegan, Me.; Dr. Rose Cota, Burlington, Vt.; secretary, Dr. Helen G. Sheehan, Boston, Mass.; treasurer, Dr. Clarence H. Wall, Providence, R. I.

The next convention will be held in Providence, R. I.

### American National Assurance Company Expects to Complete Organization at Detroit

AFTER many years of effort the osteopathic profession is to receive the recognition due them as medical examiners for old line insurance companies. The American National Assurance Company, now being organized among the osteopathic profession, is receiving merited encouragement. Over 2,000 of the profession from California to New York have enthusiastically endorsed the movement. The completion of this organization will be practically accomplished at the Detroit convention. Subscriptions are payable to, and will be retained by, the Merchants-Laclede National Bank of St. Louis, Mo., in trust for subscribers until the organization is completed, and to be returned to subscribers intact if the company is not organized. Life insurance companies, properly managed, have proven to be safe and profitable investments, and the very favorable conditions under which the American National is being organized justifies the belief that it has a successful and profitable carer before it. It has the earnest support of 5,000 men and women who are convinced believers in osteopathy. The small subscriber is as much desired as the large subscriber. Subscriptions may be paid all cash or in installments, as preferred. The stock commends itself as an investment. Full information can be obtained by writing to the American National Assurance Company, 809 Merchants-Laclede building, St. Louis, Mo.

#### The Kid Seems to Like It Here.

She had just returned from a case in which she had assisted in ushering a baby into the world for the hundredth time.—Kendall County Record.

### Makes Protest to Publishers of Magazine on Which Dr. Wiley is an Editor

I THINK the enclosed letter, which I have sent today to *Good Housekeeping*, is self-explanatory. I shall be glad to have you publish it if it meets with your approval. I will also send you immediately any reply which I may receive from *Good Housekeeping*, for you to publish also if you wish. It seems to me that this is a very important matter and that we should see it through to a finish.—R. Kendrick Smith, D. O.


May the Twenty-eighth.

Publishers of *Good Housekeeping*.

Gentlemen:—I am sure it is not necessary for me, as a preface to this letter, to explain to you the influence of physicians upon their patients as a business asset of a publication of the character of *Good Housekeeping*. There are six thousand osteopathic physicians in this country. As they average over a hundred families each under their care, this would give more than a million directly and personally interested in osteopathy. Dr. Wiley, your new editor, has publicly expressed himself at a congressional hearing as stating that "osteopathy is a fraud." This statement has been published broadcast in the newspapers. In private correspondence with a number of osteopathic physicians relative to this statement of his, the letters regarding which I have seen, he admits ignorance of osteopathy. In other words he has publicly denounced as a fraud, a thing into the merits of which he has never investigated. Dr. Wiley has done an injury to the school of practice known as osteopathy and has committed a personal affront upon a million people. I am sure it is unnecessary, from the business and journalistic point of view, for me to explain to you that this is a matter which cannot but vitally affect the circulation of your publication. The osteopathic journals are already calling attention to the statement which Dr. Wiley has made, and I shall personally see to it that attention is paid in the journals to the proposition that our practitioners the country over call the attention of their patients to the fact that your magazine is now under editorial supervision of a man who has denounced their school of practice as a fraud, and this, as he now admits over his own signature, without any personal knowledge or information whatever.

If you could witness, as I did Saturday night, the indignation of the members of the New England Osteopathic Association, at the annual dinner, over Dr. Wiley's words, and their personal disappointment at the shattering of their ideal, they having placed Dr. Wiley upon a pinnacle for fairness and justice, you would appreciate the possible consequences of his act upon the circulation of your magazine. I cannot at this moment perceive any other way for you to escape the results which must accrue to your magazine because of his action, except to publish in your magazine a simple straightforward statement from Dr. Wiley or from your management itself, from proper and authoritative sources, not the sources of the natural opposition to any and every new school of practice.

In his letters to osteopaths who have written in protest to him, Dr. Wiley writes that his only source of



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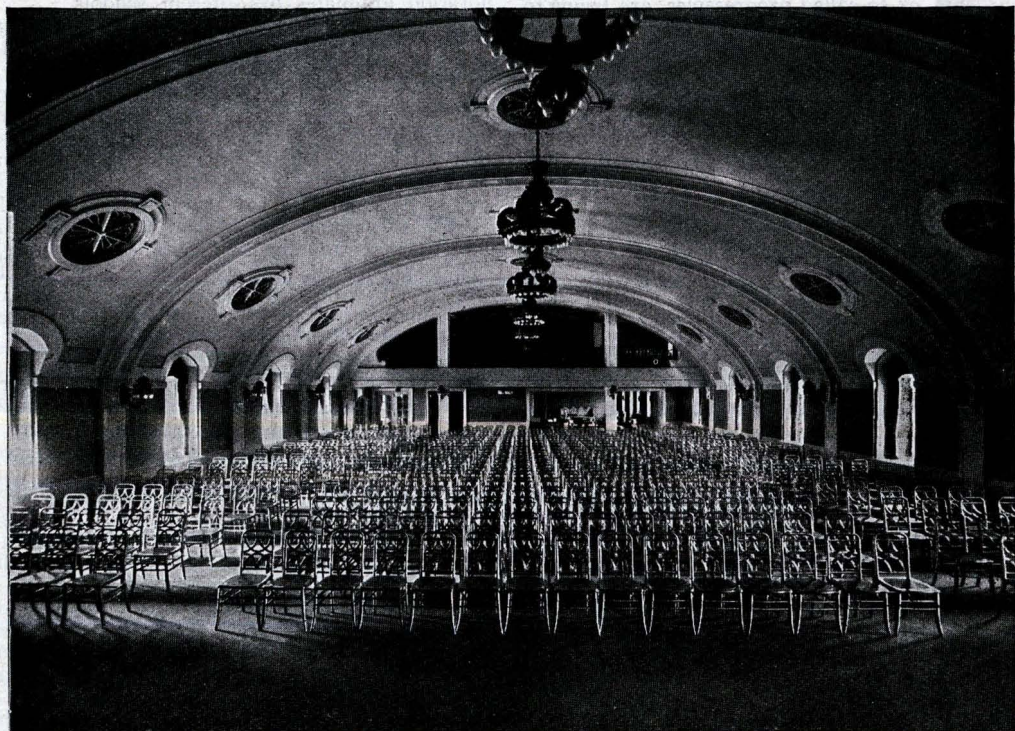
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STOMACH, RECTAL  
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information is the Flexner report of the Carnegie Foundation bulletin. While many of the statements there are absolutely unfounded in fact, they are no more condemnatory than are the statements made of many of the so-called allopathic schools in the same report. Yet Dr. Wiley does not give any intimation whatever that the Carnegie Foundation bulletin makes the same criticism of the allopathic medical schools. A school of practice which is licensed by the legislatures of forty states, and which is recognized by statutes as upon a par of absolute equality in a dozen states, the Board of Registration in those states being composed of allopaths, homeopaths and osteopaths, cannot be rightly characterized as "a fraud" by Dr. Wiley or anybody else, without eventually injuring the business with which he is publicly affiliated, if that business depends for its success upon the confidence and respect and support of the public.

Trusting that you will give this communication careful consideration, and assuring you of my earnest desire to co-operate with you and to help straighten matters out in any proper way, I am, most sincerely yours, R. Kendrick Smith, D. O., 19 Arlington St., Boston.



Convention Hall, Hotel Ponchartrain.

## Des Moines Still College of Osteopathy

By S. L. Taylor, D. O., Des Moines, Ia.

ONE of the most interesting chapters in the history of osteopathy is the story of Des Moines Still College and its present prosperity about which I am going to tell you in this paper. The friends of the institution are the happiest they have been in years, and it all comes from the wise reorganization and the splendid success which has attended it.

The institution was first organized in 1898 and is therefore one of the oldest of its kind. Fortunately, from the first, it has had excellent buildings and equipment. This has contributed much toward its larger usefulness, and has always been a source of much satisfaction to its many Alumni who now practice in every state of the Union and in many foreign lands. The capacity of the college building is sufficient to accommodate three hundred students. In fact even a greater number than that has actually been in attendance at different times in its history.

The old building is a massive structure four stories high, including the basement, has fine light and splendid equipment, microscopes, micro-projection apparatus, x-ray machines, skeletons, tables, chemical and bacteriological laboratories. Every real need of the student is satisfied and every line of investigation and research may be carried on under competent teachers who always have the best interest of the student body at heart.

The Des Moines school was first organized on the profit basis and no one denies that it was prosperous. Soon, however, the tendency to commercialize the educational intent was manifest and it was thought best to reorganize on the eleemosynary basis, which was done, and this plan has proven so satisfactory that it has been continued in vogue to this day. The college has recently added to the membership of the corporation sixty new members, all of whom are osteopaths. This move has a double significance: First, it places the school in the hands of the profession, which fact makes it absolutely responsive to the profession and guarantees beyond the shadow of a doubt that osteopathy in its present form will be inculcated from every chair. The practitioners of the field know how important this is in these days when a few insurgents, or so-called progressives, are trying to teach us that osteopathy does not go far enough and that the old doctor, A. T. Still, was an old fogey. The old doctor knew his business well when he defined osteopathy and gave to the world this great system of therapy. Des Moines Still College of Osteopathy in the hands of the profession means simply that osteopathy will always be taught as the old doctor, A. T. Still, gave it to the world.

In the second place the addition of sixty new members guarantees beyond a shadow of a doubt the perpetuation of the school for all time. The institution cannot be sold. One member may become tired and get out, but he cannot *sell* out. He may not wish to continue teaching; he may quit if he likes, but he cannot by his resignation make more than a ripple on the surface of the stream of the life of the institution. No official, however influential he may be, can do more than exert a wholesome influence on the school, for when his usefulness is at an end the annual meeting of the members and trustees can sever his relation by electing a more desirable party in his stead. This institution is now built upon the plan of Harvard and all the great universities of America—a splendid outlook.

Another fact concerning Des Moines Still College of Osteopathy cannot be too greatly emphasized; viz., the possession of an endowment fund. This is the first institution of its kind to be endowed. It makes the school stand out pre-eminent as an educational institution. It is an innovation in osteopathic circles which is most

worthy and is destined to become a large factor in the perpetuation of our colleges. The word perpetuation is one to conjure with too, for men nowadays are becoming more sensitive than ever before about their "Alma Mater." They consider it more and more a loss of prestige, if not an actual reflection, or in plainer English, a disgrace to be a graduate of a dead school, and thus the endowment idea makes of Des Moines Still College a permanent institution and gives all who graduated from the Des Moines school an Alma Mater. One who has not witnessed a crisis in an institution cannot realize the full meaning of the foregoing remarks. Had he been at Des Moines at the Iowa State Osteopathic Association in May he could have under-



Dr. S. L. Taylor, Des Moines, Iowa.

stood. When the question of state endorsement came up the affirmative vote was taken with applause. The whole state of Iowa spoke out in terms of approval unmistakable. That vote said to the osteopathic world that the Des Moines school is the school of the osteopathic profession of Iowa, for it now has as members of its corporation graduates of different schools.

It must be truthfully remarked that Des Moines has always furnished a great clinic. Since the beginning of the school in 1898 clinic material has been abundant. Every student not only sees cases of all kinds at long range, but he has actual charge of them. He tries osteopathy for himself and he knows what he can do. He does not have to take the other fellow's word for it. When he completes his course and receives his license to practice he has had actual experience and practices intelligently from the beginning.

It is phenomenal the way the obstetrical clinic has grown within the last three years. During the nine months of the school year 1911-12 there were delivered ninety-five cases before and by the student body. Some of the graduates of the June class, 1912, had seen and delivered over twenty cases each. Some of the January, 1912, class had seen and delivered as many as thirty-six cases each. Never again can the medical men truthfully say that osteopaths are ignorant of obstetrics. There is not one medic out of a hundred who has an opportunity to see many more than ten cases before he graduates, and most of these he does not see after the mother is delivered. His observation and experience in after treatment is practically nil. The previous and after treatments are especially emphasized in the Des Moines school. Ten after calls are made on each case, and if necessary a great many more.

Surgery is not emphasized at Des Moines like osteopathy, for the idea prevails here that much

useless surgery is done. All the principles of surgical work are taken up and discussed in great detail and the idea is inculcated that the day is past when the osteopath can shirk his surgical responsibility. He must know how to diagnose his cases and if necessary he must know how to operate upon them. The public is demanding it and why should the wide awake osteopath who has such a thorough knowledge of his anatomy, pathology, surgical principles and technique not use the knife when necessary? This certainly applies in the widest sense to minor surgery.

Professional pride wells high when a true and tried osteopath visits the hospital of the Des Moines school. There is a splendid five-story building, including basement, in which, under emergency, seventy-five patients can be accommodated. This institution is equipped from basement to roof with modern apparatus for hospital purposes. The basement has installed in it bath tubs, sitz bath tubs, needle sprays and steam fixtures for practically every kind of bath. In the wards and private rooms the beds are high, and were made to order so that osteopathic treatments could be given with convenience. The operating room is one of the finest in the city. The American steam sterilizers were installed at quite a cost, but the idea was that the best was none too good for the only osteopathic hospital in all the state of Iowa. The entire equipment in the hospital cost near \$8,000. The hospital maintains a three-year course for nurses in training and is on the accredited list of the hospitals of the state.

A visit to Des Moines is an inspiration. Professional pride is becoming so manifest. The school is prosperous, the hospital is prosperous and the profession is militant. Every member of the old faculty will be retained for the coming year. This announcement greatly pleased the present matriculats of the school. A very large freshman class for September is predicted by all.

### Dr. "Bill" Smith Fund

CONTRIBUTIONS to the "Bill" Smith Fund are coming in, but not as fast as we would like to have them as we hope to see this fund grow to several hundred dollars during the next two months. Why not make this fund stand as a worthy memorial of the appreciation of the profession for the great services rendered to the cause of osteopathy by Dr. Smith.

#### Contributions to Dr. "Bill" Smith Fund.

Dr. Albert Fisher, Sr., Chicago.....	\$5.00
Mrs. Fisher, Sr., Chicago.....	1.00
The O. P. Co., Chicago.....	5.00
Dr. Chas. M. La Rue, Lancaster, Ohio.....	2.00
Dr. Roy Burnard, Chicago.....	5.00
Dr. R. C. Dugan, Marion, Ohio.....	5.00
Dr. Mary E. Harwood, Kansas City, Mo.....	5.00

#### Yes! Let the Fund Grow.

I am very glad to contribute something to the Dr. "Bill" Smith fund, and enclose herewith, my check for \$5.00 and hope that a big subscription will be raised.—  
Dr. Mary E. Harwood, Kansas City, Mo., June 11th.

### Look Out for This Insurance Fakir

DR. F. A. PARKER, of Champaign, Ill., writes us to warn osteopaths against an insurance confidence game, being practiced by one F. L. Warden, who represents himself as an agent of The People's Life Insurance Company of Chicago. He first approaches osteopaths with a proposition to make them examining physicians for his company, and quickly follows this up with a suggestion to write a policy for one or two thousand dollars, collecting a \$20.00 premium in cash, if possible, or otherwise taking a note for the amount. The man is described of ruddy complexion, about five feet nine inches tall, and weighing about 190 or 200 pounds, has blond hair, a small mouth and small mustache. He is a clever talker and presents his proposition in a very plausible manner. He does not confine himself to operating on the D. O.'s but likewise takes in the M. D.'s as much as possible.





## The Osteopathic Physician

The Organ of News and Opinion for the Profession

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## Editorial

*Fairness! Freedom! Fearlessness!*  
*"New to the line, let chips fall where they will"*

VOL. XXI. JUNE, 1912. No. 6.

### THE CONVENTION BULLETIN.

Any reader of THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN who has not received a copy of the Convention Bulletin, giving full information about the National Convention at Detroit, will be gladly furnished a copy if they will send their address to Dr. George Burton F. Clarke, Chairman of the Information Committee, 22 University building, Detroit, Michigan. The Convention Bulletin tells all about what is happening and is going to happen, and you will be interested in its news and information.

### HIGHER STANDARD FOR NURSES.

The education and professional training of nurses is receiving attention from the United States Bureau of Education. It is claimed that many candidates are admitted to hospitals and training schools at too early an age and without sufficient educational qualifications. A bulletin is to be issued by the bureau written by Miss M. Adelaide Nutting, director of the Department of Nursing and Health, Teachers College, Columbia University, New York, and formerly superintendent of nurses and principal of the Training School of Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore. Regarding general qualifications, she says:

"The condition in training schools which is causing grave concern among those who have long been struggling to improve the education of nurses is the persistence of low standards for admission. The enormous multiplication of hospitals and sanitariums throughout the country, with the consequent unrestricted development of training schools as a part of their working organization, has led to a very large demand for students essentially for utilitarian purposes. No adequate supply could be secured through the usual sources with the maintenance of suitable standards, and such standards have therefore been lowered or sacrificed to meet the current demands of the institutions. The large, best-equipped, and well-known schools naturally attract the most desirable candidates, yet not one of them is exempt from the necessity of admitting and keeping in the school pupils of pitifully low educational attainments and mental ability in order that there may be no disturbance or breakdown of the system which requires the hospital to be "manned" at all points throughout its departments with student nurses."

Regarding age conditions, Miss Nutting says: "Until the last few years, the general age requirement for admission to training schools was 23 years, and

it was only in exceptional instances that students were admitted under that age. But of recent years, in the effort to secure enough students to staff the hospital, this age requirement has been steadily lowered, until now the majority of schools (55.2 per cent) students are admitted at 20 years or under, and in 13.15 per cent of all schools they are admitted at 18 years of age. A further descent may be perhaps foreshadowed in the record of the two schools admitting that they receive students of 17 years of age. While there is little reason to suppose that the age standard could in the present day, be kept at 23 or even 22, yet it is a grave question whether the admission of young, immature girls of 18 and 19 to hospital wards, and to the heavy physical demands and the overwhelming responsibilities and anxieties of such work as inevitably awaits them there by day or by night, should be considered. No school dare assume that it will be able to provide influences and safeguards strong enough and far-reaching enough to protect either patient or pupil under these conditions." Among the remedial measures suggested is the one "that the hospitals adopt the policy of paying for a considerable part of their nursing, as well as of domestic services which the students are now performing" and she also maintains that "the first step toward developing proper schools of nursing lies in separating them from the hospitals and its control and placing them upon an independent basis." She adds: "While hospital and training school are fundamentally interdependent, there is no more reason why the hospital should own and control the training school than the medical school. The basis of relationship should be one of close and efficient co-operation."

Good nurses are essential to the successful cure of the sick. We need more well qualified osteopathic nurses. The nurses school at Kirksville gives its students excellent training but the number of graduates altogether inadequate. There is room for some more high grade institutions for the training of osteopathic nurses. Skillful, well equipped nurses, thoroughly imbued with the osteopathic idea, can be immensely helpful, especially in acute cases, and could do much to popularize osteopathy.

### ILLINOIS MEDICAL SCHOOL DENIED STATE SUPPORT.

The dreams of the University of Illinois for a Medical College supported by the state were shattered April 24, when the state senate killed the bill making an appropriation for the establishment of the college as a department of the university. The Medical School of the University has for some years been operated in Chicago, using a building leased from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, which expires in June. The College of Physicians and Surgeons decided not to renew the lease, so the University appealed to the Legislature for an appropriation of \$250,000 to erect a building, for equipment, and for the "maintenance and extension of its work in medicine and public health."

As an indication of the changing attitude of the old school doctors towards osteopathy, it is interesting to note the fact that osteopathy is mentioned by the University and its appeal to the public to support the request for an appropriation. A form letter briefly setting forth the history of the medical school and its work and the reasons for desiring the appropriation was mailed throughout the state. One paragraph reads as follows:

"It is proposed to organize those fundamental courses in medicine and public health which should be required by all schools of medicine, and which every physician no matter what method of practice he may adopt, must be presumed to know; such as physiology, bacteriology, histology, anatomy, pathology and sanitation—subjects a knowledge of which is or should be common to all schools or sects of medicine: homeopathic, osteopathic, electropathic, eclectic or allopathic."

The time is rapidly approaching when all the regular medical schools will be claiming to fit their students for osteopathic practice as an adjunct to the regular practice of drug medicine. Such brief references as mentioned are straws showing the trend of affairs. One of the most serious problems of the future for the osteopathic profession, as a profession, will be to maintain its independence and identity when the allopaths reach the place where they are ready to openly appropriate to themselves its principles and its technique. The more real osteopathy practiced

the better it will be for the public, but it is important that the true osteopathic concept be preserved, and that it will become adulterated in the drug medical schools there can be no question. For the benefit of humanity, therefore, as well as for reasons of justice, professional pride, it is vital that we fight hard for osteopathy as a distinct and an independent profession.

### MURRAY OF ELGIN OPPOSES AS AN OSTEOPATHIC AUTHOR.

Murray of Elgin, Illinois, has been keeping himself quiet for some time, but has again made himself obnoxious to the profession by a campaign of advertising in an effort to sell osteopathic practitioners his book, "Gynecology and Obstetrics," and "Practice of Osteopathy." The latter work became notorious in the profession because it was so evidently written to sell to doctors of the drug persuasion, and with the purpose of making them think that by studying this book they could become proficient in the practice of osteopathy. Murray made a big campaign to sell the book to the "medics," and the comments of some of the medical papers show that it was accepted by them as a work that explained the technique and principles of osteopathy, and made it possible for old school doctors to equip themselves to give osteopathic treatment. Murray denied that the book was written with a view to give the "medics" a smattering of osteopathy, but his advertising literature showed that he was making every effort to create the idea that by studying the book they would be able to use osteopathy in connection with their regular practice. Apparently, Murray did not find as many dupes among the "medics" as he expected to, and so he has turned around and is trying to sell his book to the regular osteopathic practitioners. It isn't likely that there is much in the book that is new or of any value to an osteopathic practitioner who has gone through a course at a recognized osteopathic college, but even granting that there are some points of technique brought out that are good, Murray is not worthy of osteopathic support because of the methods he has adopted to place the work on the market.

In a circular sent out with his prospectus of the books, Murray quotes comment from the "Medical Press" to a number of some sixteen or seventeen and three quotations from osteopaths, one a Charles Hinman, of Glen Springs, Colorado, who is unknown to us as a graduate osteopath.

We like, whenever possible, to speak a good word for osteopathic works by osteopathic authors, but in view of the fact that we are impressed that these books prepared by Murray were written to encourage drug doctors to attempt to give osteopathic treatment without having attended an osteopathic college and getting a thorough osteopathic education, we fail to see why they should receive any support or encouragement from real osteopathic practitioners.

### A POINTER ABOUT ILLINOIS M. D.'S.

Dr. Canada Wendell, of Peoria, Illinois, sends us a clipping from a Peoria paper, which clearly shows the antagonism of the organized M. D.'s, and how carefully they are planning to prevent osteopathy getting the recognition it desires. To be forewarned, is to be forearmed, and if the M. D.'s "slip anything over," the next time we try to get an osteopathic law in Illinois, we cannot say that we were not aware that they would use every possible agency or trick to circumvent our desires.

Peoria Physicians at State Meeting  
 Several local physicians will deliver addresses at the state convention of the Illinois Medical Society at Springfield May 21, 22 and 23.

The principal work of the convention this year will be the continuation of the fight against tuberculosis and against the spread of osteopathy. Legislation desired by the osteopaths will be anticipated by the legislative committee of the society.—Peoria (Ill.) Journal, May 17th.

## The Osteopathic Concept

By C. E. Thompson, D. O., Des Moines, Iowa.\*

BEFORE there can be projection into existence of any machine, enterprise, institution, government, religion, there must pre-exist in the mind of some man or group of men an idea which foreshadows the material form. Before the steam engines was possible there had to be the idea worked out and formulated in the mind of a Stephenson. Before the discovery of the new world, there must be an idea taking possession of a man and setting him on fire for the carrying out of its purposes and demonstrating to the world. Our national existence is impossible till the desire for relief is made zealous of a sturdy band, **apter Hol-** made any form or degree of suffering bearable than intolerance. And our **te of O-** was preserved, and the states brought into **owser** union, when again the thought of the freedom and equality of all men before the law took new hold of the race, having first been burnished and clarified in the Lincoln brain.

Osteopathy must evolve itself in a conceptual form ere there can be its concrete realization. About thirty years appears to have been utilized in the formative period of this idea before it should take its place in the world as a distinct science.

In the beginning Dr. Still probably never dreamed of establishing a separate and distinct profession. Columbus had no thought of giving new countries to the world, but faithfulness to his theory made it an incident. Lincoln did not intend to liberate from slavery the thousands of human souls, but the ideal establishing itself to fruition through him made necessary many acts unforeseen. The osteopathic concept taking its place in the world's affairs must have a new profession for its promulgation. And a new profession exists, no one knowing just how or just when it began. Yielding to the demands of this idea has doubtless led the "old doctor" into many hard and devious ways, as well as pleasant places that he never suspected at the outset; but in this quality—that of yielding self to thought—he showed himself to be of the type which alone can give new ideas to the world.

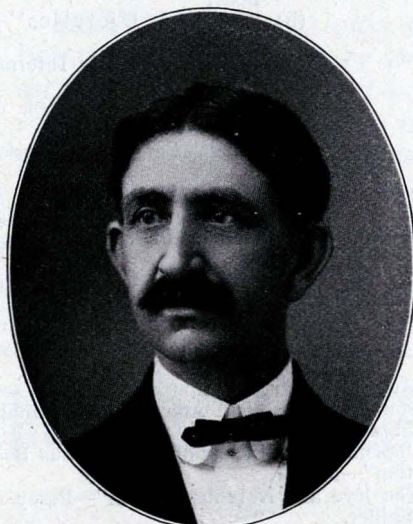
A new idea has been making—is making—the world's conquest. It emanated from the mind of one man. Its progress in the beginning depended upon the unswerving loyalty of its chosen medium and his absolute and unquestioning obedience to its demands. Its later progress was determined by the degree of likeness to the original of the concept obtained by the followers of Dr. Still, and their steadfastness in its cause. Its further progress shall be advanced or hindered by you and me and all others who are or will be named in the osteopathic ranks. You see I esteem as largely negligible all outside influences. They will be effective only as, and to the degree that we are traitors to the dominant principles of our trust.

It is all-important, then, that we get as nearly as possible a grasp of the osteopathic concept in its real and true form. I take it that it is this that has made the rapid growth for our profession. Certainly in the beginning it must have been the thought, just as it was found in the mind of Dr. Still, that so rapidly took hold of the people and compelled their acceptance. And those of us who have thought ourselves so much wiser that we would work out an improved scheme of our own, rather than be guilty of accepting such a silly thing as the original, have been only handicaps and hindrances to the cause, and the means of delivering it more into the power of its enemies.

One difficulty here lies in the uncertainty

in transferring a complex idea from one mind to another and maintaining its identity. The same words are used so differently by different individuals that they almost always convey more or less than the speaker or writer intended. It will be well for us to dwell occasionally upon the principles underlying our work, to keep them clear in our minds and endeavor to discover the thoughts that actuated the Old Doctor. He seldom attempted definitions. This was left for smaller minds. He stated principles. Upon these we have had to base our definitions and take our bearings. Sometimes we have run true, sometimes false. A few of the different definitions and statements of those who have tried to be true to the original concept I have incorporated here.

Dr. Riggs gives us this: "Osteopathy is a method of treating disease by manipulation, the purpose and result of which is to restore the normal condition of nerve control



Dr. J. L. Holloway, Dallas, Texas, President American Osteopathic Association, Who Will Preside at the Detroit Convention.

and blood supply to every organ of the body, by removing physical obstruction or by stimulating or inhibiting functional activity, as the condition may require." At another time he says: "The science rests upon the truth that pure blood and normal nerve supply give health." Again, "Order, perfect order in the human frame, results in a perfect performance of all the duties of that organism."

Dr. Hulett states certain propositions which are to be included in any adequate definition. These are: (1) Cure is the prerogative of the organism. (2) Functional disorders will be self-adjusted except where complicated with or dependent on structural disorders which are beyond the limits of self-adjustment. (3) Removal of structural disorders constitutes the treatment. Then we have as his effort to embody these as a definition, which he quotes from the Journal A. O. A., 1902: Osteopathy is "a system of therapeutics which, recognizing that the maintenance and restoration of normal function are alike dependent on a force inherent in protoplasm, and that function perverted beyond the limits of self-adjustment is dependent on a condition of structure perverted beyond those limits, attempts the re-establishment of normal functions by manipulative measures designed to render to the organism such aid as will enable it to overcome, or adapt itself to, the disturbed structure."

Dr. Louisa Burns, in her excellent efforts to reduce to definite statement some of our principles, gives us this: "The efforts of osteopathic therapeutics are to secure and to maintain, as far as possible, the conditions normal to the cells, and not to produce additional causes of confusion."

Dr. Holloway, President A. O. A., closed an address before the Chicago convention with

the thought that "structural perversion will become more and more the significant and important element in forming a correct diagnosis, for it is based upon a rational pathology, and the scientific world will ultimately concede that readjustment of structure is the key that unlocks the vital forces of the body."

Dr. Bunting says: "Undoubtedly the most original, characteristic and fundamentally important tenet of our system is that the wrong position and mal-alignment of the bones of the skeleton constitute one of the very common causes of disease." Again, "the human body is a complete mechanism, containing within its tissues all the remedial forces essential and necessary to the cure of disease. Furthermore, if all the parts that go to make up the human body are in normal relation \* \* \* then no such condition as disease can prevail." In another place he says: "The vital and recuperative forces of the body constitute, when properly called into action, effective, efficient and sufficient remedial resources without extraneous or artificial means."

Dr. Evans in the Herald of Osteopathy runs this definition, to which, however, he appends a note of explanation: "Osteopathy is that science of treating human ailments which regards most diseases as being either primarily produced or maintained by an obstruction to the free passage of nerve impulses or blood and lymph flow, and undertakes by manipulation to remove such obstruction, so that nature may resume her perfect work."

Dr. Herbert Bernard of Detroit began his prize essay in the 1910-1911 contest with this sentence: "The theory of osteopathy is that obstruction to the free flow of the blood stream or of the nerve impulse will cause disease." Then, "if an osteopathist knows everything in the world except how to locate a lesion he is not thoroughly equipped to practice osteopathy."

Dr. Atzen states it thus: "He (the osteopath) acts in accord with that law of nature which supervises or controls the physical arrangement of the cells of which the human body is constructed."

With Dr. Still's oft-repeated maxims we are all familiar: "The human body is a perfect machine, prepared and fitted, with the addition of proper fuel, to run until worn out with old age." "The body is equipped with a chemical laboratory for all its needs." "The rule of the artery is supreme."

Regardless of what else may be or may have been in the minds of our leaders, this one thought has been by them all accepted as the basic, fundamental principle on which our profession has been built: that structural derangement is the predispositional, productual or continuative cause of disease; that this derangement is a faulty adjustment of the operative parts of a mechanical organism; and that the only adequate curative aid is to place those parts in such position and relation as will enable them most easily and effectively to perform their proper function.

We must get rid forever of the idea that our school differs from other schools of therapy only in the manner of treatment; or that our school alone endeavors to discover cause of disease in its combative effort. Physicians of other schools search as laboriously as you or I for causes, knowing that if they can be removed their patient will get well; and they are anxious to see their patients recover, for slow recoveries do not make large practices. The differentiation of our school begins back in the concept of causality. Tissue contracture, imperfect motility, minor luxations, never had entered the medical mind in its struggles with etiological factors productive of disease; and thus far also did their pathological presentation fail. We have a just and righteous contention on our part for a distinct osteopathic etiology and pathology. I know there are those who aspire to position in our ranks

\*Read before the Iowa Seventh District Osteopathic Association.

who have not grasped this thought, but I say to you that they have thus far failed of a realization of the osteopathic concept. The "old doctor" showed even greater wisdom of the world in his absolute refusal to incorporate anything in his concept except that disease is maladjustment, and adjustment is the only adequate cure, than he did in his discovery. On no other basis could the science be established. None other would justify a new profession. Let others devise means. Let others determine best modes of handling patients. With him, first, last, and all the time, osteopathy means that perfect mechanical order of the body is essential to perfect health.

The change that has been and is being wrought by this new idea, we of this age can never know. This knowledge must be left to the future historian of therapeutic development and progress. We do know, however, that medical thought has received a great awakening. Its lines of investigation have been turned. Years of invalidism transformed, as it were in a twinkling, to rejoicing, exuberant health, compels investigation; and now we see, instead of new minerals wrested from the earth, or new concoctions from the herbage thereof, discussions of research upon and within the body itself. There is a general admission that a new therapy is needed, but many cannot yet quite place the chemical subordinate to the mechanical, except in so far as it involves the knife in surgery. The rest can but follow, if we keep up the force whose impetus shall drive them to pursue their conclusions where they lead. We will not accomplish this by taking up their abandoned rubbish and calling it osteopathy, just because it is used by one who calls himself an osteopath and sees a way by which he can argue himself into the belief that it is in accord with nature. There is no doubt but that the whole trend of medical thought is undergoing an upheaval in response to this idea, and the important thing for us to keep in mind is what place our profession shall occupy when the change has been effected. We owe it to those who follow, as well as those who have gone before, not to compromise with the inadequate in any way or degree.

But perhaps in no one way is the great value of this discovery more manifest than the way in which that great class of diseases known as nervous is now confronted. Before the rise of osteopathy the physician stood practically helpless in their presence, and one great part of the nervous system and its effects upon disease were entirely neglected. There was no true conception of the relation of the nervous system to disease in general. And when they began to realize somewhat its bearing, they were at utter loss how to cope with it and still continued to treat it as a matter to be ignored. But all this is changed. The patient with "nerves" now has hope. In the relentless search for adequate cause the nervous system at last receives due consideration, and with undue pressure removed and its normal blood supply restored, takes up again with ease its regular duties. With a courage all unknown to the regular physician the osteopath meets conditions of this class and brings with him comfort and cheer. It is the courage that comes from the knowledge of power. He knows that he can cope successfully where others have failed, and goes with the exaltation of victory achieved.

Great as are the achievements already wrought, the future holds within her mysterious shadows others still more wonderful—provided only we leave all and follow truly and faithfully the truths fundamental to osteopathy whithersoever they lead. Absolute subserviency to this idea and its dictates is as necessary today and always to the existence, maintenance and advancement of our professional life as in the formative period. This fact must be emblazoned, must ever be maintained with all the lustre of its early-day

## BOOK OPPORTUNITY EXTRAORDINARY

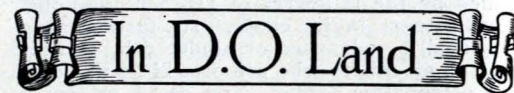
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brightness; for if ever it begins to be obscured then will our professional life begin to wane. Greater effort on our part is demanded than formerly, because of a larger number who, having failed to lay hold with conviction upon these great underlying truths, are endeavoring to show the "old doctor" their superior wisdom by attempting to graft upon osteopathy schemes of procedure which sap it of its very vitality. While this wrangling as to what is and what is not osteopathy has gone on, the chiropractor has stepped in and taken our key word and branded it as his own. While these superior ones have been giving their general pull and stretch, he truly says they do not adjust, and so he has not been able to appropriate to himself the patient's adjustment, and we have received in "Gynecology" years cannot repair. This is the "Gynecology" getting more strongly entrenched in the schools. So that from these schools graduates enter the profession with no convictions of high principle, but because they have heard of snug incomes accruing to the operator. Indeed, in some quarters it is quite a common thing for a student sent by a faithful, loyal physician to enter enthusiastic for osteopathy and its achievements, but to finish his course with no zeal for his profession, and to continue only because he has his money invested and others have made money by the practice. Herein lies our great professional danger. We must have men and women with a conviction for this great truth and filled with the belief that the world needs it, and can get it only through them, and that the world is to have it regardless of the sacrifice. These are they who have brought us to this pinnacle of our professional existence, while those so-called friends made it possible for the chiropractor to take one of our valued assets, and have generally hindered progress. These same so-called friends in their efforts to curry favor with the M. D. are betraying us into their hands. They call it an effort to give us standing in the scientific world. By this very confession they declare their shame in the profession that gave them life. How can we expect aid from these? I say to you that the danger is not that we will be swallowed up by the medical profession in a re-discovery, but that again we will abandon our principles and give them over into their hands. No amount of legal enactment can preserve us. This can come only as the consciousness of having a great good to give to the world inspires our zealous band and fills us all with loyalty to the great osteopathic concept, with no Judases to betray.



### Virginia Meeting.

The next meeting of Virginia Osteopathic Association will be held in Norfolk, June 15th.—J. Meek Wolfe, D. O., President, Lynchburg, Va.

### A. T. Still Association June Meeting.

The June meeting of the A. T. Still Osteopathic Association of Massachusetts will be held at the Pemberton Inn, Hull, Saturday, June 22.

### Dr. W. H. Cobble Reappointed.

Governor Aldrich, of Nebraska, has reappointed Dr. W. H. Cobble, of Fremont, as a member of the Osteopathic Board of Examination. He will serve for five years.

### Eastern Michigan Meeting.

The Eastern Michigan Osteopathic Association held their meeting June 7th at Flint. Dr. Preston R. Hubbell, of Flint, gave a paper on "Infantile Paralysis." The next meeting will be held in Saginaw in July.

### Articles on Anti-Vaccination.

Those of our readers who are interested in this subject will find good articles by Dr. J. W. Hodge, M. D., of Niagara Falls, N. Y., in *Health Culture* for April, page 203 and in *The Era* for June.

**Osteopathy in Ladies Home Journal.**

The Ladies Home Journal for May contains an article by Miss Bertha D. Knobe, entitled "How I Fasted Fifteen Days." The osteopath referred to in the article is Dr. H. W. Conklin, of Battle Creek, Mich.

**Philadelphia College June Class.**

The Philadelphia College of Osteopathy held its twentieth commencement exercises at Witherspoon Hall June 5th. Forty-four graduates received diplomas, this being the largest class in the history of the college. Dr. Arthur M. Flack conferred the degrees.

**Los Angeles College June Class.**

Los Angeles College of Osteopathy completed its June graduating class exercises June 6th. The class numbered 62, including 12 post-graduates. Letters from the field indicate continued growth and prosperity for the institution.

**Epsilon Chapter Holds Annual Dinner.**

Epsilon Chapter, Iota Tau Sigma Fraternity of the Massachusetts College of Osteopathy held its annual dinner at the Americana House, Boston, Wednesday evening, June 5th. Covers were laid for 22. An enjoyable evening was passed.

**Nebraska Examinations.**

The Nebraska State Board of Osteopathic Examiners will hold the next meeting for the purpose of examining candidates for license on Friday and Saturday, July 5th and 6th, at the Capitol at Lincoln, Nebraska, starting at 9 a. m.—C. B. Atzen, D. O., Secretary.

**Philadelphia College Graduating Class Has Banquet.**

The graduating class of the Philadelphia College of Osteopathy held a banquet June 3d. Members of the faculty and 43 new graduates attended. Addresses were made by Dr. Arthur M. Flack, Dr. Charles J. Muttart and Dr. J. Ivan Dufur.

**Texas Osteopaths Will Have Special Car for Convention.**

The Texas osteopaths are planning to travel in a special car to attend the A. O. A. convention at Detroit. It will run via the Santa Fe. It is expected that all space will be taken, so reservations should be made early.—H. B. Mason, D. O., Temple, Tex.

**A. S. O. Graduates, June Class**

A class of 146 was graduated from the American School of Osteopathy May 27th. The exercises were held at the home of the "Old Doctor." Mr. Walter Williams, dean of the School of Journalism at the University of Missouri, delivered the baccalaureate address, and the graduating address was made by Mr. John E. Swanger.

**Good for South Dakota.**

Osteopathy is coming right along in South Dakota. More D. O.'s are coming in constantly. South Dakota is on the map, all right, and we are here to stay. Our next state meeting will be held at Huron during the "State Fair" week. The exact date will be set later.—H. F. Ludwig, D. O., Secy. and Treas., Parker, S. D.

**Dr. Hollis Visits Boston.**

Dr. Arthur S. Hollis, professor of Principles of Osteopathy at the A. S. O. and editor of the *Journal of Osteopathy*, was a visitor to Boston this month, and was entertained by Drs. Ada A. and Kendall L. Achorn, John A. MacDonald, George W. Goode and H. T. Crawford.

**Osteopathic Examinations in Alberta.**

The next regular examinations in Alberta will take place September 15th. Preliminary educational requirements call for High School diploma equal to entrance to the University of Alberta, with two years of Latin. We need about a dozen good osteopaths in this western part of Canada.—N. L. Sage, D. O., Edmonton, Alta., Can.

**Will Go to Detroit Via Lakes.**

St. Paul and Minneapolis osteopaths are talking of making the trip to the Detroit convention by way of the lakes. This is said to be a most delightful trip, and even though it take a little longer, it will be comfortable and something of a rest cure.—F. E. Jorris, D. O., Secretary Minnesota Association.

**Boston Society Annual Meeting.**

The annual meeting and election of officers of the Boston Osteopathic Society will be held at 30 Huntington Avenue, June 15th. Dr. Robert I. Walker of New Bedford will talk on "Urinalysis," with practical tests, and Dr. Alfred W. Rogers will take vertigo as a subject. Dr. C. Roy Clemens will give some hospital experiences.

**North Carolina Examinations.**

The North Carolina Board of Osteopathic Examination and Registration will meet in Raleigh July 4th and

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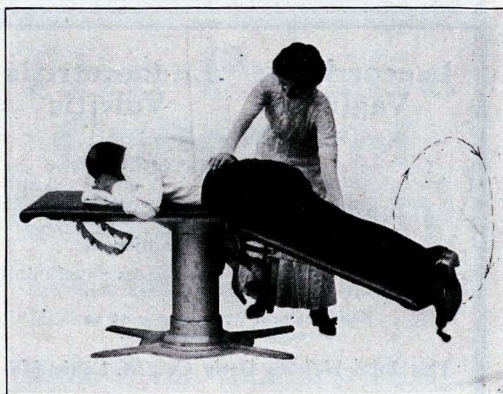
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**Southern Minnesota Meeting.**

The Southern Minnesota Osteopathic Association held a meeting at Lake City May 17th. A good program was carried out and the visiting doctors took a ride around the city as guests of the Lake City Automobile Club, and in the evening a dinner was served by the Commercial Club. An enjoyable and profitable time was experienced by all who attended.

**Osteopaths Burned Out in Big Houston Fire.**

The latter part of May a big fire in Houston, Tex., destroyed the Mason Building and the Temple Building.

Osteopaths having offices in the buildings and who lost their entire office equipment were: Dr. J. A. Malone, Dr. W. B. Lynd, Dr. N. R. Lynd, Dr. Sid Isbell, Dr. W. H. Bruce, Dr. W. H. Clark and Dr. Mary Clark. Dr. J. A. Malone has secured quarters in the Union National Bank Building, but the others as yet have not decided upon new permanent locations.

**Philadelphia College Alumni Association.**

The Alumni Association of the Philadelphia College of Osteopathy held its annual meeting and banquet June 3d in the City Club, Philadelphia. Two hundred persons attended the meeting and 54 members were elected to the association. Officers chosen were: President, Dr. Fred W. Kraiker; vice-president, Dr. W. F. Hawes; secretary, Dr. Robert J. Storey; treasurer, Dr. C. B. D. Balbirnie; historian, Dr. E. Frame; orator, Dr. S. P. Ross; poetess, Dr. M. E. Magill.

## The Osteopathic Physician

### Arkansas Valley Association.

The organization of the Arkansas Valley Osteopathic Association was completed May 18th at the Vail Hotel, Pueblo, Col. Officers elected were: President, Dr. H. G. De Tienne, Pueblo; first vice-president, Dr. Fannie B. Laybourne, La Veta; second vice-president, Dr. S. M. Kellogg, Rocky Ford; secretary and treasurer, Dr. W. S. Maddux, Pueblo. Dr. George W. Perrin and Dr. Jeanette Hubbard Bolles, of Denver, were present at the meeting. The association was unanimously in favor of an independent examining board for Colorado.

### An Interesting and Valuable Book.

"The author of *Suggestion*, deals with this large and important study in a manner both fascinating and practical, and in a style marked by originality and careful investigation. The author has embodied in this book the knowledge gained by long and earnest study.

This is the opinion of *Health Record*, London, England, on "Suggestion" by Dr. Charles F. Winbiger, of Washington, D. C. This book is now being offered at a special price. The edition is limited. If you are interested don't delay ordering.

### M. D.'s Oppose District of Columbia Bill.

The bill regulating the practice of osteopathy in Washington, D. C., which was recalled from the senate for a rehearing, was opposed at the hearing May 31st by Dr. J. B. Gregg Custis and Dr. G. Wythe Cook. The gentlemen with the big sounding names are well-known physicians in Washington and they wanted the committee to amend the bill so that osteopaths would have to take examinations in materia medica as well as other subjects. Dr. C. D. Swope represented osteopathic interests at the hearing.

### To A. S. O. Class 1898 (Alias Octoberites; Alias Kickers).

The Committee on Reunions requests a report from the '98 Class as to probable number who will attend the Detroit convention.

Members of class are requested to report at once to Dr. D. Ella McNicoll, J. W. Coulter block, Frankfort, Indiana.

If you cannot attend the convention, send a line of greeting that she may report at the reunion that you are still loyal to the old class.—*Anclil B. Hobson, D. O., Chairman Committee on Reunion.*

### Will Motor to Detroit Convention.

Dr. A. B. Shaw and Dr. Harry W. Forbes, of Los Angeles, with their wives and other members of their families, will start June 17th for the Detroit convention overland by automobile. They will go by the beaten path to Tonopah and Ely, Nev., and Grand Junction and Glenwood Springs, Colo., and on across the range through Colorado, where they expect to find much recreation and relaxation in hunting and fishing. They have been asked by the *American Motoring Magazine* to log the route and furnish them with some stories regarding the trip.

### Central College Commencement Exercises.

The commencement exercises of the Central College of Osteopathy were held May 28th at the Y. M. C. A. building at Kansas City. Fourteen graduates received diplomas from Dr. J. W. Hofess, president of the college. The class was also addressed by Dr. George J. Conley, dean of the college, and by Mr. Edmund Morgan Bartlett. After the commencement exercises there was a meeting of the alumni association at which the new graduates were guests. Those receiving diplomas were: Epatha R. Kreutner, Hannah Elizabeth Leinebach, George Washington Evans, August Andrews Kaiser, David Lovan Robison, George Jenning, Myrtle J. Moore, W. P. Moore, D. D. S.; Mary Quisenberry, Julian Knight Lobb, Wesley Oscar Fanson, Harry Edward Eustace, Forrest Clare Allen, J. A. Mollison, M. D.

### Massachusetts College Exercises.

The commencement exercises of the Massachusetts College of Osteopathy were held in Ford Hall, Boston, Friday evening, June 7th. Basil King delivered the address to the graduates and selections were rendered by the Standish Male Quartette.

The graduates: Ernest B. Becker, George N. Bishop, Lewis M. Bishop, Arthur J. Boucher, Elmer W. Carter, Frank C. Dodge, William C. Fennessy, John W. Ferrrett, Ernest A. Fessenden, Wendell W. Fessenden, Clinton O. Fogg, Earle A. Frake, Margaret I. Horning, James E. Horning, Otto E. Lewis, Theodore H. Martens, Errold V. Mills, George S. Mulford, Glenn F. Muntz, Jesse M. Parker, William Semple, Howard T. Stevens, Sarah G. Watson, Wallace E. Young.

### Minnesota Quarterly Meeting.

The Minnesota State Association will hold its next regular quarterly meeting at the Osteopathic Sanatorium, 1700 Third Avenue South, Minneapolis, in the evening of the first Saturday of July. Dr. J. B. Bemis of St. Paul, who is specializing in the cure of rupture, will give us something in this subject. Dr. A. D. Becker of Preston has also been asked to appear on the program, and although we have not yet heard from him, we expect him to be on hand, for he is our president and has never been known to say "No" to anything that is for the good of osteopathy. Both of these men are interesting talkers and we expect a good turnout. An-

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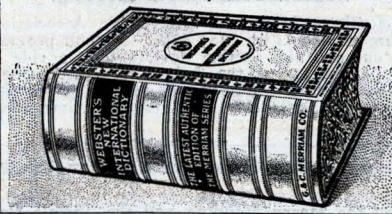
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other feature in the program will be the serving of refreshments. It has not been made known whether this is to be ice cream, watermelons or winerwurst, but whatever the service, all osteopaths from far and near, are invited to "go to it." "Keep off the grass" signs will be removed.—*F. E. Jorris, D. O., Secretary.*

### Osteopath Gets Injunction Against M. D.

The curious situation has arisen in Boston of an osteopath securing an injunction against an M. D., restraining the M. D. from publishing the statement that the osteopath indorses the method of treatment of the M. D. Dr. R. Kendrick Smith of 19 Arlington street, Boston, sued James L. Plunkett, M. D. Dr. Plunkett circulated literature in which he quoted to the extent of a page from an article published in the *Lancet-Clinic* of Cincinnati, Ohio, said article being a reprint of an address by Dr. Smith before the American Association of Clinical Research. In this quotation Dr. Smith emphasized strongly the value of the X-ray as a diagnostic measure. Not a single word was said of the X-ray from a therapeutic standpoint, yet the defendant in this suit used a headline in his literature in which he stated that Dr. Smith indorsed his method of treatment. He followed Dr. Smith's quotation by the statement that these methods had always been used in his treatment.

### Kentucky Annual Meeting.

The Kentucky Osteopathic Association held its annual convention at the Seelbach Hotel in Louisville, May 9th and 10th. The first day was given to discussions and papers on various subjects by members of the association. In the afternoon, a business meeting was held, and the following officers were elected: President, Dr. E. W. Patterson, Dawson Springs; vice-president, Dr. R. H. Miller, Bardstown; secretary-treasurer, Dr. Martha Petree, Paris; trustee, Dr. C. J. Johnson, Louisville; delegate to the K. O. A., Dr. K. W. Coffman, Owensboro. At six o'clock all the attending osteopaths met at the Seelbach at an informal dinner, which was a most happy occasion. May 10th, Dr. Geo. Laughlin, dean of the A. O. A., Kirksville, Mo., was the guest of honor. He gave a most instructive talk on "Differential Diagnoses in Hip, Shoulder and Spinal Diseases," and also on "Pulmonary Tuberculosis," with several interesting clinics. The meeting adjourned at 4:00 p. m., all feeling that osteopathy had never been in so thriving a condition as at present, and that the K. O. A. had never had so successful a convention.—*Martha Petree, D. O., Secretary.*

### Iowa Fourteenth Annual Meeting.

The fourteenth annual meeting of the Iowa Osteopathic Association, held in Des Moines, May 22d and 23d, closed its session with one of the most enthusiastic meetings since the organization of the I. O. A. The principal speakers were Dr. Carl P. McConnell, of the Osteopathic Research Institute, Chicago, who gave a most interesting talk on "Visceral Ptosis," and Dr. Asa Willard, chairman of the National Legislative Committee, who talked on "Legislation." These doctors will always be greeted with enthusiasm whenever they come to Iowa. The entire program was one of the best ever given at a state meeting. Officers elected were: President, Dr. Della B. Caldwell, of Des Moines; first vice-president, Dr. A. E. Hook, of Cherokee; second vice-president, Dr. M. E. Brown, of Sioux City; secretary, Dr. Carrie B. Collier, of Clarinda; treasurer, Dr. L. O. Thompson, of Red Oak; trustees, Dr. T. C. Stevenson, Dr. S. B. Miller, Dr. J. S. Baughman, Dr. R. S. Dysart, Dr. A. E. Hook, Dr. Charlotte McCuskey, Dr. J. R. Bullard, Dr. Lillian Wagoner.—*Carrie B. Collier, D. O., Secretary.*

### Dr. Tilden Comments on Osteopathic Health Article.

The "Stuffed Club" of Denver, edited by D. J. H. Tilden, the well-known insurgent against the present therapeutic theories and beliefs of the regular drug doctors, reproduces in its May issue the first article from the February number of *Osteopathic Health*, which is entitled "Is the Physician a Death-Watch or a Life-Saver?" It is incorporated in an article headed "Quacks," and referring to "Is the Physician a Death-Watch or a Life-Saver?" Dr. Tilden says: "The doctor who breaks the code commandments by pointing out the blunders of the profession is a quack, so recognized, and accordingly treated by the 'regular profession.'" Since writing the above, a friend in Louisville, Kentucky, has sent me a copy of *Osteopathic Health*, a magazine publishing information concerning osteopathy. The editor is certainly a quack from the viewpoint of "regular" medicine, but from a humanitarian standpoint, and the standpoint of common sense and common honesty, he is anything else than a quack. Read the article, "Is the Physician a Death-Watch or a Life-Saver?" and see if you don't size him up as a public benefactor and a much-needed public educator."

### Tennessee Annual Meeting.

The fourteenth annual meeting of the Tennessee Osteopathic Association was held at Nashville May 17th and 18th. On the evening of the 19th, Dr. Percy H. Woodhull, of Birmingham, Alabama, gave a public lecture on "The Evolution of Medicine." The program in part was as follows: "Harmful Drug Medication," Dr. H. A. Harris, Nashville; "Our Attitude Toward Drugs," Dr. W. S. McClain, Nashville; "Diet in Acute Cases," Dr. Ethel Brittain, Dyersburg; "Shall We Become More Militant," Dr. Benton A. Williams, Gallatin; "The Significance and

Importance of the Osteopathic Lesion," Dr. J. W. Skidmore, of Jackson; "Infantile Paralysis," Dr. W. Miles Williams, Nashville; "Neuritis," Dr. C. T. Mitchell, Nashville; "Publicity," Dr. Percy H. Woodhull, Birmingham, Alabama; "Biliary Calculi," Dr. Henry Viehe, Memphis; "Reminiscences of a Pioneer Osteopath," Dr. W. Ammerman, Franklin; "Ethical Publicity," Dr. C. I. Rhoads, Union City. Officers elected were: President, Dr. Henry Viehe, Memphis; vice-president, Dr. Walter S. McClain, Nashville; secretary and treasurer, Dr. Ethel Brittain, Dyersburg; trustees, Dr. Benton Williams, Gallatin; Dr. P. K. Norman, Memphis; Dr. J. W. Skidmore, Jackson. The convention next year will be held at Chattanooga.

**More About Atlanta Medical School.**

In a letter from Dr. M. C. Hardin, of Atlanta, Ga., published in the May number of THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, mention was made of two Atlanta medical colleges which give osteopaths who desire to become students, credit for their work done in osteopathic colleges. Dr. George H. Carpenter, of Chicago, has called our attention to a notice in the *Journal of the American Medical Association* to the effect that the Georgia Board of Medical Examiners has refused to grant licenses to those who were thus allowed credit. Of course, this does not prevent these graduates from practicing osteopathy or signing M. D. after their names, and possibly their diplomas would be recognized by other state boards. However, as on the strength of Dr. Hardin's letter, some might be induced to go to Atlanta and take the course and later on be disappointed in not getting a Georgia license, we publish this notice, and would suggest that any who contemplate such a course, with a view to securing a Georgia medical license await the outcome of this case before making any further preparation. **Board Refuses License.**—The Board of Medical Examiners of Georgia has refused to grant licenses to the eleven individuals constituting the first graduating class of the Southern College of Medicine and Surgery, on the ground that three of the graduates had been allowed full credit on their terms for two years, which each had spent in an osteopathic school, and that the other eight were students in a college not properly equipped to teach medicine and surgery. The dean of the college states that he will bring mandamus proceedings to compel the board to issue the licenses.

**Massachusetts College Alumni Meeting.**

The annual banquet of the Alumni Association of the Massachusetts College of Osteopathy was held at the Copley Square Hotel, Boston, Saturday evening, June 8th. Covers were laid for eighty-nine. A business meeting preceded the dinner and Dr. Grace B. Taplin was elected president, Dr. Warren B. Mack vice-president, and Dr. Burton H. Proctor secretary and treasurer. An executive committee consisting of Dr. Arthur E. Were, Dr. Arthur M. Lane, Dr. Nell Cutler Crawford and Dr. Herbert E. Wright was also elected. The banquet was presided over by Dr. Harry W. Conant. Dr. Wilfred E. Harris, president of the Massachusetts College of Osteopathy, spoke on "Some Thoughts on the Research Institute." Among other things he said: "He would like to see the Massachusetts College grant an M. D. degree after four years' work; that our beloved founder, Dr. Still, usually signed his name A. T. Still, M. D. and D. O.; Carl P. McConnell, of Chicago, had the appendages M. D., D. O., and other osteopaths, too, that I need not mention at this time." He believed in the Research Institute, but thought that research work was needed nearer home. He hoped that an institution would be started by the Research Institute in some large city where osteopaths could have surgical training and hospital and clinical advantage. Dr. Harris said he stood ready to give \$500 to the support of the Massachusetts College of Osteopathy and that apparatus, books and other paraphernalia was much needed. Original ideas by representatives of different classes followed by Dr. Howard T. Crawford, Dr. Frederick H. Williams, Dr. Helen G. Sheehan, Dr. Eloise F. Jacobs, Dr. Dale E. Brown, Dr. Jessie Fulton Streeter, Dr. Earl Scammon, Dr. Josiah H. Brown, Dr. Herbert E. Wright, Dr. James S. Wadsworth and Dr. Elmer W. Carter. Dr. Dale E. Brown announced he would donate a \$10 bill toward the school fund and asked for contributions of a like amount from the members. About \$200 was raised in this way, but with strenuous objections by Dr. Arthur M. Lane and others, who contended that an endowment committee was appointed for that purpose. Dr. Robert H. Nichols, who has attended many post-mortems at the Massachusetts General Hospital, urged the necessity of a chair in medical diagnosis in the Massachusetts College of Osteopathy, for he surely believes the time is coming when the medical schools will establish a chair in osteopathy. The speeches were interspersed with glee songs by the gathering. Miss Nettie Fox was accompanist.

**Death Certificate Filed by Osteopath Refused by Iowa Health Board.**

An osteopath is not a physician, and hence cannot legally sign death certificates under the Iowa statutes. This is the report of Dr. G. H. Sumner, secretary of the State Board of Health, to a complaint of an osteopathic practitioner that the board is discriminating against osteopaths when it refuses to accept for record death certificates signed by osteopaths. The law says death certificates can be signed only by physicians. Dr. Sumner says the term "physician" does not include osteopaths.—*Des Moines News Item.* Secretary Sumner not only raised the technicality of not letting the last winter's graduates take the examination because the Des Moines Still College had not been recognized by the I. O. A., as it had not had a meeting since last fall, but also tried to shut out the present graduating class on the point that they had had part

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of their course in an unrecognized college. This point was brought up before the Attorney General and he decided that the college was recognized and its graduates were admissible to the examination. This technical point was brought to their notice by some of our own estimable osteopaths, of the opposition to the separate board.

While Secretary Sumner was in the refusing mood he refused to accept the application of one graduate that had had two years in a medical school, for which he was allowed one year on the osteopathic course. This was on the point that he had not had all his training in an osteopathic school, even though he had had four years of medical study altogether.

Our hospital is now on the accredited list, but they had to show their meanness by not telling us about it until a month after it had been placed on the list. Then it was casually mentioned when Dr. Taylor was over at the office of the secretary seeing about the acceptance of the applications of the students for examination.

The homeopaths are finding out how nice it is to be on the board and in the minority, for the Board of Education has cut out the surgical chairs in the Homeopathic medical school at Iowa City, and also combined several of the other chairs with those of the allopaths. The homeopaths will be up before the legislature this winter with their troubles, and we ought to be able to get hold of some of the inside discriminations that will help us in our fight to have a separate board, for the homeopaths are gasping examples of those that have accepted representation upon the board with the allopaths.—*A. E. Dewey, D. O., Des Moines, Ia.*

**Conditions and Requirements in Louisiana.**

Louisiana has one of the best osteopathic laws in the United States. Under the law an osteopath has equal rights and privileges in this state. The osteopath has the right to sign birth and death certificates, the right to use antiseptics, antidotes, and anesthetics, to practice obstetrics, minor and major surgery. We have an independent board composed of five members. This board meets in the city of New Orleans every October and at such other times as is necessary. The board at its discretion may grant a temporary permit to practice until its next meeting. Compared with the population the field is very large and the number of osteopaths very small. The profession in this state welcomes any competent osteopath.

Many inquiries are received asking about the climate, etc. It is intended by this bulletin to reach these inquiries. All sorts of questions are asked at times. It is considered, therefore, wise to say here, that: Louisiana enjoys a climate which is second to none in the United States. It is never excessively cold. The summers are very pleasant. It does not rain excessively in summer. Business is never suspended or interfered with by weather conditions. The fees received for treatment in this state average above \$2.00 in the rural districts, and \$3.00 in the cities.

Living expenses are as low as anywhere in the United States.

There are a great many small towns and villages capable of supporting an osteopath, where land is plentiful and cheap for truck farming, etc. The Louisiana board grants reciprocity to the licentiates of all other states which extend us the same courtesy, provided that the requirements are of equal grade.

Where there is no reciprocity the board requires an examination and a diploma from a college, with a minimum course of three years.

The following towns could support one or more osteopaths:

Town.	Population.	Town.	Population.
New Orleans	333,900	*Kentwood	3,609
Shreveport	35,000	*Minden	3,900
Lake Charles	11,409	*Mansfield	3,000
Alexandria	11,213	*Hammond	2,942
Baton Rouge	11,212	*Opelousas	4,623
Monroe	10,209	*Abbeville	2,907
*New Iberia	7,499	*Berwick	2,183
*Lafayette	6,392	*Covington	2,601
*Morgan City	5,477	*De Ridder	2,100
*Crowley	5,099	*Jeanerette	2,206
*Houma	5,024	*Leesville	2,043
*Ruston	5,000	*Natchitoches	2,532
*Plaquemine	4,955	*Rayne	2,247
*Donaldsonville	4,090	*Slidell	2,188
*Thibodeaux	3,950	*St. Martinsville	2,318
*Jennings	3,925	*White Castle	2,289
*Franklin	3,857	*Winfield	2,925

Towns marked with an \* have at present no osteopath.

Any additional information will be gladly sent upon request for same, with a self-addressed stamped envelope.—*Henry Tete, D. O., Secretary Louisiana State Board of Osteopaths, 1117 Maison Blanche building, New Orleans.*

**California Convention.**

The annual convention of the California Osteopathic Association was held at Sacramento, May 16th, 17th and 18th. It was considered one of the best in the history of the association. There was a good attendance and a number of fine papers. Dr. Otis Akin, of Portland, Oregon, gave several lectures and demonstrations. Among the social features was a lunch to the visiting ladies by the wives of Sacramento osteopaths, a boat ride on the Sacramento river and a banquet. Among those who responded to toasts at the banquet were Dr. Louise Heilbron, Dr. L. Tasker, Dr. Otis Akin, Dr. Carrie Slater, Dr. Ada Sisson and Dr. William Horace Ivie. The suggestion for the meeting of secretaries at

the A. O. A. convention at Detroit met with such popular approval that it was decided to have the state association pay the expenses of the secretary in order to be sure of representation. The next convention will be held at Pasadena. The plan of pro-rating the traveling expenses has proved so successful that it will be continued in the future. The round trip rate from all parts of the state for the present convention was only \$7.25. Officers elected were: President, Dr. L. R. Daniels, Sacramento; vice-president, Dr. Susan O. Harris, San Francisco; second vice-president, Dr. Grace Hain, Stockton; secretary, Dr. Effie E. York, San Francisco; treasurer, Dr. C. A. Haines, Sacramento. The program in part was as follows: "Symposium on Acute Diseases," Dr. Jones, Dr. Susan Orpha Harris and Dr. E. W. Christensen; "Spinal Curvature and Dr. Abbott's Treatment for Spinal Curvature," Dr. Otis Akin, of Portland, Oregon; "Clinic on a Cured Case of Hip Joint Disease," by Dr. D. L. Tasker; "Serum Therapy," Dr. W. Curtis Brigham; "Relation of Practitioner to Public Health," Dr. C. A. Whiting; "Clinic, Tubercular Ankle," Dr. Otis Akin, Portland, Oregon; "Legislation, Followed by Vaccination and School Medical Inspection," Dr. Tasker, Dr. Vanderburgh and Dr. Sisson; "Clinic, Birth Palsy," Dr. Louisa Burns; "Disposition of Anterior Poliomyelitis and Treatment of Same," Dr. Harry Forbes; "Results of Osteopathic Treatment as Shown by the Laboratory," Dr. Louisa Burns; "Demonstrations of Technique With Philosophy of Same," Dr. Edwin P. Watkins and Dr. P. V. Aaronson; "Congenital Hip Operation," Dr. Otis Akin, Portland, Oregon; "Pulmonary Tuberculosis; Its Treatment and Sanatoria," Dr. W. J. Hayden; "Clinical and Laboratory Observation on Pulmonary Tuberculosis," Dr. Louisa Burns; "Demonstration of Technique," Dr. L. R. Daniels and Dr. William Horace Ivie; "Minor Surgery and Emergencies for General Practitioner," Dr. Otis Akin, Portland, Oregon; "Tonsilectomy," Dr. T. J. Ruddy (this was to have been illustrated, but the moving picture films were held up by the State Board of Censors until too late for the meeting); "Demonstrations of Adhesive Strapping for Innominate Lesions," Dr. Otis Akin, Portland, Oregon; "The Problems of a Well Balanced Diet," Dr. T. Brailsford Robertson, professor of physiology of the University of California.

**Necessity Leads to Discovery of New and Effective Lotion for Facial Eruptions.**

About five years ago a member of the family of an osteopath was embarrassed by a most persistent type of facial eruption. The eruptions were angry looking pustules, some almost boil like, exuding bloody and pus-like substance, and for one year appeared at almost all parts of the face. They failed to yield to persistent treatment by several osteopathic practitioners, and noted skin specialists of other schools failed to effect a cure.

A friend and the osteopath immediately concerned concocted a formula which proved to be a happy combination, clearing the face of all eruptions after two weeks' application of the lotion, and it has stayed cleared up to the present time. The change was noticed by brother practitioners, who happened to know of the conditions, and they naturally became interested, made inquiries, and later tried it in their own practice with equally good results. It has been made use of in a great many cases over a period of about two years, covering almost all types of facial eruptions, with hardly a failure.

The osteopath connected with the compounding of the formula became enthusiastic and felt that all our practitioners should have an opportunity of using the lotion, as he found his patients as a rule more grateful for the removal of these eruptions, especially if it was a woman, than over a possible result of some specific trouble for which they had called for treatment.

Two years ago three hundred multigraph letters calling attention to the lotion and the experience, were sent to personal friends in the profession, offering a sample bottle of the lotion at \$1.00 (one bottle usually clearing a case) and proposing to refund money in case the lotion failed in its work. Attention to the lotion has in no way been called since that time. Nevertheless, small orders for the lotion have been received almost every day. These orders are coming from coast to coast and from many of our most able practitioners. Many have ordered time and time again, showing their experience must have been satisfactory. Many letters to that effect have been received.

Feeling that this lotion is decidedly meritorious and its use thoroughly justified by osteopaths, Dr. F. D. Parker, of St. Paul, Minnesota, the osteopath who is part owner of the formula, has decided to endeavor to put it on the market through the osteopathic profession rather than let it become the property of one of the "regular" proprietary drug manufacturing companies.

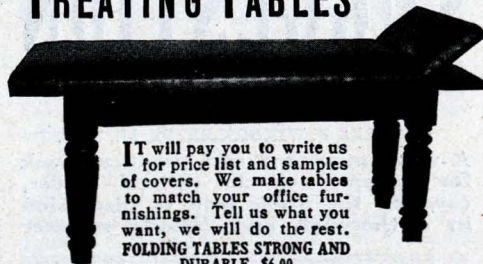
We believe this is a preparation that can be used and recommended by our practitioners to advantage and satisfaction. It need in no way conflict with osteopathic practice as it is well known that certain conditions of the skin are more quickly remedied by external application than any other means. In numerous instances as well as in the case mentioned, skin complaints have proved very stubborn in yielding completely to osteopathic treatment, although it is nearly always helpful. If, therefore, a means can be found to quickly relieve and cure skin complaints, which otherwise would not be cured or the cure unduly long delayed, it is our privilege and duty to make use of such means and thus bring happiness to the patient and earn his or her gratitude and appreciation.

We should like to see this lotion thoroughly tested by the profession. The price is \$1.00 a bottle or \$10.00 a dozen bottles. Send for a sample bottle and if you are not satisfied that it is a genuinely good preparation you can have the price refunded. Circular of information will be sent on request by Dr. F. D. Parker, 304 New York Life Building, St. Paul, Minn.

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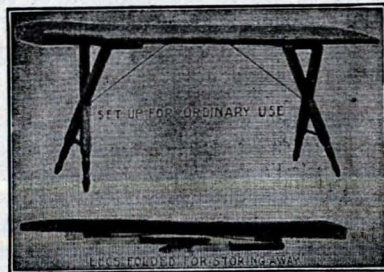
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**July Osteopathic Health a Special Children's Number**

THE July number of *Osteopathic Health* is unquestionably one of the best numbers of the year. It is a special number devoted to the osteopathic treatment of the ailments of children. We consider it a distinctly important number for the advancement of osteopathy for the reason that it cannot help but appeal very strongly to every Mother and Father in the land who has an opportunity to read it. The welfare and health of the children is of supremest importance in a family. Anything that will make her children well when they are sick interests a mother. This is true of even minor complaints. It applies with very much more force when the little sufferer is afflicted with some complaint that bids fair to become chronic and endanger his or her happiness and health throughout life. Osteopathy has proved itself to be the best and most efficient system for the treatment of the usual complaints of childhood, and it has also restored to robust health, children who have been pronounced by specialists of other schools as incurable or as crippled for life. With such a record behind it, osteopathy can readily win the interest, support and appreciation of Mothers and Fathers if it is properly brought to their attention, and in the July number of *Osteopathic Health* the subject is discussed in such a straightforward, simple, and convincing manner that it is bound to carry with it a conviction of sincerity and truth. The various common ailments of childhood are discussed briefly, but the number as a whole is sufficiently comprehensive to show the reader that osteopathy is a system capable of successfully handling all acute cases as well as chronic troubles and of safeguarding the child against after effects and consequences which oftentimes are more disastrous than the original ailments themselves.

There is no phase of osteopathic practice that will win more lifelong friends for osteopathy than the treatment of the diseases of children. It means not only the winning of the support and confidence of children early in life, but it frequently leads to winning entire families to put their confidence in osteopathic treatment when in need of professional care for physical ills.

Apart from financial considerations, we can conceive of no department of practice that should bring more satisfaction to the practitioner. It is certainly something well worth while to know that one has been instrumental in making robust, healthy men and women out of children who otherwise would possibly have been weakly or deformed.

Following a general introduction showing why osteopathy may reasonably be expected to be the best treatment for children, some of the subjects discussed are: "The Contagious Diseases of Childhood, including Scarlet Fever, Measles, Whooping Cough and Diphtheria." This is followed by articles on Pneumonia, La Grippe, and Bed-Wetting. A very significant article is entitled "The Rheumatic Child." "The Warning of Night Cries," and "Look After Your Children's Spines," call attention to the insidious beginning of tuberculosis, and the fundamental necessity of the child being as structurally perfect as possible, if it is to develop into a healthy, normal man or woman.

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**Dr. Osler on Drugs in the Encyclopedia Americana.**

The highest living medical authority on drugs, Dr. Osler, formerly of Johns Hopkins University and now of Oxford, says:

"But the new school does not feel itself under obligation to give any medicine whatever, while a generation ago not only could few physicians have held their practice unless they did, but few would have thought it safe or scientific. Of course there are still many cases where the patient or the patients' friends must be humored by administering medicine, or alleged medicine, where it is not really needed, and indeed often where the buoyancy of mind, which is the real curative agent, can only be created by making him wait hopefully for the expected action of medicine; and some physicians still cannot unlearn their old training. But the change is great. The modern treatment of disease relies very greatly on the so-called natural methods, diet and exercise, bathing and massage, in other words giving the natural forces the fullest scope by easy and thorough nutrition, increased flow of blood, and removal of obstructions to the excretory systems or the circulation in the tissues. One notable example is typhoid fever. At the outset of the nineteenth century it was treated with 'remedies' of the extreme violence,—bleeding and blistering, vomiting and purging, antimony and calomel, and other heroic remedies. Now the patient is bathed and nursed and carefully tended, but rarely given medicine. This is the result partly of the remarkable experiments of the Paris and Vienna schools into the action of drugs which have shaken the stoutest faiths; and partly of the constant and reproachful object lesson of homeopathy. No regular physician would ever admit that the homeopathic 'infinitesimals' could do any good as direct curative agents; and yet it was perfectly certain that homeopaths lost no more of their patients than others. There was but one conclusion to draw, that most drugs had no effect whatever on the diseases for which they were administered." *Encyclopaedia Americana*, Vol. X (Munn & Co., New York).

I like the May issue of *Osteopathic Health* very much.—*Dr. E. D. Coltrane*, Manhattan, Kansas, May 17th.

The May number of *Osteopathic Health* is a dandy. Please send me an extra 100 copies with card imprinted, as quickly as possible.—*Dr. John T. Downing*, Scranton, Pa., May 14th.

Please send me 100 copies of the June *Osteopathic Health*. I have been wanting just such articles. They should prove convincing.—*Dr. W. A. Gaylord*, Kenton, Ohio, May 25th.

Please send us 200 copies of the May issue of *Osteopathic Health* as quick as you can. They are good talkers.—*Dr. H. L. Maxwell*, Reading, Pa., May 9th.

The May number of *Osteopathic Health* is very comprehensive and meets many, though often senseless, objections of the lay-mind. It is splendid.—*Dr. Flora B. Brown*, East Mauch Chunk, Pa., April 30.

I consider the May number of *Osteopathic Health* a fine number. Just the thing to correct the wrong impressions people have of osteopathy.—*Dr. W. S. Smith*, Marlin, Texas, May 3.

Please send me 200 copies of the June number of *Osteopathic Health*. It is an ideal number to carry conviction

**PROFESSIONAL CARDS**

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*Dr. W. F. Traugbber. Physician, Surgeon and Osteopath. 317-19 Consolidated Realty Building, Los Angeles.*

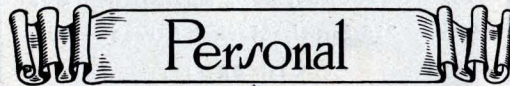
to the laity. It tells how we do it.—*Dr. W. C. Montague*, Evansville, Ind., May 25th.

Beginning with the June number, please increase my standing order to 100 copies a month. I find *Osteopathic Health* a great help in educating the people about osteopathy.—*Dr. A. E. Cole*, Urbana, Ohio, May 24th.

Please send me 100 copies *Osteopathic Health*, June number. I have just cured an aggravated case of conjunctivitis by the correction of a cervical lesion and the June *Osteopathic Health* explains so explicitly the modus operandi by which eye troubles yield to treatment, that I am glad to have it at this time. You are doing the profession a great service. May the good work continue.—*Dr. J. D. Cunningham*, Bloomington, Ill., May 23rd.

**Says Clock Is "Little Beauty."**

The "All the Year Round" *Osteopathic Health* clock came on time. It is a little beauty. Thank you very much.—*Dr. E. L. Harris*, Marietta, Ga., May 18th.



Dr. and Mrs. H. F. Morse, of Wenatchee, Washington, left June 9th for Portland, where they will make a ten days' stay, taking in the annual convention of the Oregon Osteopathic Association and the Carnival of Roses. For the summer, they will have a camp near a railroad station in the Cascades, and plan to spend Saturday, Sunday and Monday of each week enjoying life in the open at this spot. There is a creek which runs very near the camp, and which Dr. Morse says abounds in mountain trout, so they expect to have many fine feasts of this finny luxury.

Dr. O. O. Snedeker, of 406 Broadway Central building, Detroit, Mich., has been looking after the practice of Dr. Rider for some time, as Dr. Rider has been suffering from an indisposition. We are glad to report, however, that he is now better, and able to take care of his practice.

Dr. Benjamin F. Still, of Elizabeth, N. J., opened a summer office at Asbury Park, and will operate it from June 15th to September 15th. The local address is 607 Grand avenue, and the office days Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Dr. Robert R. Levegood, of Philadelphia, Pa., has moved his offices from 118 S. 52nd street, to 133 N. 52d street, where he has furnished a very attractive suite.

Dr. Frederick W. Treshman, of 301 Lafayette avenue, Brooklyn, New York, is spending the summer touring through the southwest, and also taking in the Yellowstone National Park and Alaska.

Dr. Horatio U. Baker, of Lone Tree, Iowa, signed the hardest death certificate of his life, when he put his name to the death certificate of his eldest son, Robert, who was drowned May 31st. Sad as the occasion was, Dr. Baker says he has reasons to be thankful as it might have been considerably worse, as a brother and two cousins, who were younger than Robert, came near going into the water to try and rescue him.

Dr. R. Kendrick Smith, of Boston, has been elected vice-president of the Boston Browning Society, one of the most famous literary organizations in the world.

Dr. Joanna Brooks Robson, of New York City, has been called to Canada to attend some relatives following an injury. Dr. Ernest Walton Robson expects to join Mrs. Robson later, and will spend a vacation in his home in Canada.

Dr. Lena Creswell, of San Diego, Cal., writes us that after occupying one suite of offices for nine years, she has moved into the best building in San Diego, the New American National Bank Building. Sue says that with the aid of some suggestions taken from the article by Dr. Moore, combined with some original ideas of her own, she thinks she has offices that are a credit to osteopathy. We hope later to be able to show some illustrations of Dr. Creswell's new offices.

Last month, the Chicago *Tribune* showed a portrait of Miss Miriam Patterson, of Omaha, Neb., a niece of Dr. H. W. Gamble, of Missouri Valley, Iowa. She

was married the 11th of this month to Ben Boyce, son of the well-known Chicago publisher. The young couple will spend their honeymoon in Europe, touring in a "Fiat" car, and on their return will make their home in Chicago.

June 5th, at high noon, Dr. H. H. Trimble, of Moultrie, Ga., was married to Miss Bulford Claire Lewis, at the home of the bride's parents. After the ceremony, the bridal couple left for Florida, where they will spend a honeymoon of several weeks. Dr. W. A. Stewart will have charge of Dr. Trimble's practice during his absence.

Dr. J. R. Shike, of Greenfield, Iowa, was married June 5th to Miss Mary Carolyn Morrison, of Greenfield. Notwithstanding the handicap of blindness Dr. Shike has made a success for himself both along educational and professional lines. He is a graduate of the school for the blind, at Nebraska City, and also of the Nebraska State University and of the Nebraska Wesleyan University, both located at Lincoln. He holds an osteopathic diploma from the Still College. Since locating at Greenfield about a year and a half ago, he has met with steadily increasing success, and is held in high regard in his vicinity. Dr. Shike is president of the Nebraska Association of Workers for the Blind, which will hold its annual meeting at College View, Neb., June 18th. From a program which has been furnished us, they will have a very interesting as well as entertaining program.

Dr. Fred A. Parker, who has been practicing at Madisonville, Ky., taking care of the practice of his brother, Dr. G. W. Parker, has removed from that place and has located at Hopkinsville, Ky., with offices in the Phoenix building.

Dr. Aubrey W. Hart, president of the Massachusetts Osteopathic Society, is making outside calls in a new auto.

Dr. F. Bourne Lake, of Cambridge, Mass., is attending the College of Physicians and Surgeons.

Dr. Frank Collyer and Dr. Lillie Collyer, of Louisville, Ky., will leave New York City July 3 for Naples, and will spend their vacation abroad, returning to their offices about September 1.

A charming nine-pound daughter came to Dr. and Mrs. E. B. McTigue, of Charles City, Iowa, May 15th, Mary Eleanor.

Dr. Edwin M. Geyer, of Goshen, Ind., died June 7th of dropsy of the heart. He was married July 14th, 1906, to Dr. Elizabeth Jackson. The practice will be continued by Dr. Elizabeth Geyer and Dr. Floyd Magee.

Dr. R. H. Beeman, of New York City, will leave there July 6th with his family in a touring car bound for Kirksville. They will go via Hagerstown, Cumberland, Maryland; Wheeling, W. Va., and Indianapolis, arriving in Kirksville about July 13th. They will make a short stay there and shake hands with their friends all around and take the Old Doctor for a ride, and then will return via Chicago and Detroit for the convention. After the convention, they will return to New York City through Ontario and visit Niagara Falls and other places of interest.

Dr. J. L. Holloway, of Dallas, Texas, has been out of commission for a time with a broken arm. He is now getting along in good shape.

Dr. Eudora V. Keen, of Wilkinsburg, Pa., has changed her address from 403-404 Carl Building to 23-24 Wilkinsburg Bank Building.

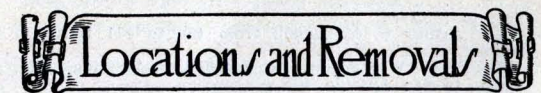
Dr. Charles D. Finley, of Atlantic, Iowa, is very busy these days trying to teach Charles David, Jr., the science of osteopathy. Charles David, Jr., arrived May 6th and is doing fine.

Dr. R. M. Wolf, A. S. O. January, 1912, graduate who has been practicing in Webb City, Mo., has changed his location to Big Timber, Montana, having purchased the practice of Dr. Northern.

Dr. D. G. Sniff and Dr. Emma S. Sniff, formerly of Escondido, California, are now located at Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, Canada. Osteopathy is as yet little known in the province, there being only six osteopaths in practice, but Dr. Sniff reports the prospect as exceptionally fine.

Dr. George F. Horn, of Haverhill, Mass., died at his home June eighth, of apoplexy following an illness of several months from nephritis. He was 51 years old, a graduate of the A. S. O. February, '06, class, and in six years of active work, had with his wife, Dr. Mary B. Horn built up a splendid practice and won a host of friends. Dr. Mary B. Horn will continue the practice.

Dr. Geo. B. Powell, of Clearfield, Pa., has just returned from a visit to his home at New Castle, Indiana, where he went to attend the golden wedding of his mother and father. Dr. Powell is the youngest of nine children, and his mother and father are both past 75 years of age. His mother has never had an ache or a pain in her life. In 25 years, a doctor has never made a professional call to the home for any of the 11 members of the family. All are living, and all the children were home to attend the golden wedding.



Dr. Bertha O. White, from 5115 Center avenue, to 140 South Highland avenue, East End, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Dr. Eugene C. Waters, at Chillicothe, O.

Dr. Maude E. Ward, from Washington and Sixth streets, Oregon, Ill., to Steamboat Springs, Col.

Dr. R. L. Park, at Neosho, Mo.

Dr. Edward Mattocks, at 314 Consolidated Realty Building, Los Angeles, Cal.

Dr. Helen A. Laws, from 16 West Park street, to 261 Essex street, Bangor, Me.



Dr. Mary M. Larsh, at 2017 Lincoln street, Berkeley, Cal.  
 Dr. Robert D. Healey, from Pacific Grove, to Petaluma, Cal.  
 Dr. J. G. Dawson, from 101½ South Market street, Jackson, Tenn., to Tampa, Fla.  
 Dr. Fred J. Dawson, from First National Bank Building, Clarksville, Tenn., to 101½ S. Market street, Jackson, Tenn.  
 Dr. H. Agnes Dandy, from Brush, to Ft. Morgan, Col.  
 Dr. D. H. Clouse, from Loveland, Col., to Pocatello, Idaho.  
 Dr. T. L. Bennett, from Masonic Temple, Pensacola, Fla., to 110½ Broad street, Alma, Ala.  
 Dr. T. V. Anderson, at 167 Front street, Sarnia, Ontario, Canada.  
 Drs. Allison & Allison, from 128 West Linn street, Monrovia, Cal., to 309 Timken Building, San Diego, Cal.  
 Dr. A. P. Kidwell, from Clifton Hill, Mo., to Greensburg, Kan.  
 Dr. Walter E. Whealen, from Huntington Beach, Cal., to 513 Douglas street, Sioux City, Iowa.  
 Dr. E. H. Jermane, from 604 Exchange to 522-23 Bumiller Building, Los Angeles, Cal.  
 Dr. Nora B. Pherigo, from 942 South Fourth avenue, to 938 South Third street, Louisville, Mo.  
 Dr. M. O. Gebhardt, from 419 to 317 Medical Block, Minneapolis, Minn.  
 Dr. Francis J. Beall, from 211 Union to 606 Gurney Building, Syracuse, N. Y.  
 Dr. Roger N. Squires, from 416 Farmington avenue, to 904 Main street, Hartford, Conn.  
 Dr. Esther E. Sandus, from 2053 Augusta street, Chicago, Ill., to 323 Dickinson avenue, Van Wert, Ohio.  
 Dr. N. O. Minear, from Citizens National Bank Building, to 15 Gotwald Building, Springfield, Ohio.  
 Dr. Percy R. Henry, from 3 Essex street, to 187 Linwood street, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 Dr. C. C. Wright, from 513 McKean avenue, to 514 Tallowfield avenue, Charleroi, Pa.  
 Dr. Alex. C. McDaniel, from 908 to 313-14 Union Savings Bank Building, Oakland, Cal.  
 Dr. Edward Oelrich, from 515 Elmwood avenue, to 748 Ellicott square, Buffalo, N. Y.  
 Dr. J. Stewart Moore, from Falmouth, Mass., to 49 Dover street, Picadilly, London, England.  
 Dr. Edwin L. Harris, from Sacramento, Ky., to 606 Church street, Marietta, Ga.  
 Dr. Jane Wells Craven, from 6104 Alden street, to 62 Methodist Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.  
 Dr. Luella Hutchinson, from 1936 North Park avenue, to 1625 Master street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Dr. Lizzie Griggs, from 15343 Center avenue, to 167 One Hundred and Fifty-fourth street, Harvey, Ill.  
 Dr. I. S. Frame, from 701 Empire Building, to 1619 Race street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Dr. Bertha A. Buddecke, from 816 Carleton Building, to 1718 Third National Bank Building, St. Louis, Mo.  
 Dr. A. W. Kitchell, from 308 Washington street, to 72 Elizabeth avenue, Newark, N. J.  
 Dr. O. C. Warburton, from 421 Granite Building, to 206 Park avenue, Rochester, N. Y.  
 Dr. Daniel D. Townner, from 806 President street, Brooklyn, N. Y., to 41 Avon avenue, Newark, N. J.  
 Dr. J. G. Roussell, at 1509 Canal street, New Orleans, La.  
 Dr. Laurena Rezner, at 909 East Broadway, Monmouth, Ill.  
 Dr. G. E. Covey, at 501 Merchants National Bank Building, Springfield, Mo.  
 Dr. Annette Alexander, at 1711 Gervais street, Columbia, S. C.  
 Dr. Henry W. Clement, at 67 Irving street, South Farmington, Mass.  
 Dr. G. Glen Murphy, at 806-808 Somerset Block, Winnipeg, Man., Can.  
 Dr. M. Golden, at 1108 Thirty-sixth street, Des Moines, Iowa.  
 Dr. Minne A. Shaw, at 801 East Main street, Enid, Okla.  
 Dr. L. B. Allabach, at 62 Hoyt street, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 Dr. Mary Alice Crehore, at 4237 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo.  
 Dr. Paul R. Collins, at 201 West Missouri street, El Paso, Texas.  
 Dr. A. A. Lippincott, at Mesa, Mesa county, Col.  
 Dr. Percy E. Roscoe, at 10318 Westchester avenue, N. E., Cleveland, O.  
 Dr. Geo. M. McCole, at Great Falls, Mont.  
 Dr. Arthur L. Hughes, at 616 East Sixth street, Jamestown, N. Y.  
 Dr. Leo J. Gillett, at 223 West Oklahoma avenue, Garfield county, Enid, Okla.  
 Dr. M. E. Guthrie, at DeKalb county, Mayesville, Mo.  
 Dr. Chas. B. Doron, at 33 Vick Park B., Rochester, New York.  
 Dr. Lucius M. Bush, at 215 Kirk avenue, Syracuse, New York.  
 Dr. O. E. McFadon, from 70 N. High street, Columbus, to Shepard, Ohio.  
 Dr. Arthur C. L. Kugel, from 469 to 491 Delaware avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.  
 D. F. C. Wirt, from 5-6 Stephenson building, Iola, Kans., to San Antonio, Fla.  
 Dr. L. M. Dykes, from 20 Fourth street, Briston, Tenn.-Va., to Big Stone Gap, Va.  
 Dr. E. O. Millay, from 232 Woodward avenue, Detroit, to Romeo, Mich.  
 Dr. E. Carel, from 511 Themis street, Cape Girardeau, to First National Bank building, Liberty, Mo.  
 Dr. W. L. Durnan, from 71 Bleeker street, to 29 Trader's Bank building, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.  
 Dr. J. R. Moseley, from St. Augustine, Fla., to Petoskey, Mich.  
 Dr. Jean M. McNeil, from Pagosa Springs, to 616 Bellevue avenue, La Junta, Colo.

**Osteopathic Health for July**

Is

**A Children's Number**

**The Contagious Diseases of Childhood**

**Scarlet Fever**

**Measles**

**Whooping Cough**

**Diphtheria**

**Pneumonia**

**La Grippe**

**Bed-Wetting**

**The Rheumatic Child**

**The Warning of Night-Cries**

**Look After Your Children's Spines**

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Chicago**

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**The American National Assurance Co.**  
**Headquarters**

*at Detroit*

*This is the Life and Accident Insurance Company which is being organized to give deserved recognition to Osteopathy.*

Dr. M. A. Barr, from 109 W. Second street, to German American Bank Building, Muscatine, Iowa.  
 Dr. Arthur Taylor, from Torinus block, Stillwater, to Northfield, Minn.  
 Dr. J. R. Morris, at Prince building, Petaluma, Cal.  
 Dr. E. Jorstad, at Stanhope, Iowa.  
 Dr. W. A. Wood, at Sparta, Ill.  
 Dr. Claude Wilson, at Fordsville, Ky.  
 Dr. L. J. Bell, at General Delivery, Gentry, Ark.  
 Dr. Chester L. Miller, at 14 W. Washington street, Chicago, Ill.  
 Dr. A. W. Clow, at Corydon, Iowa.  
 Dr. John Baum, at 328 Seventh street, East Liverpool, Ohio.  
 Dr. Wm. H. Hart, at 2620 N. Hollywood street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Horning, at 260 Crawford street, Toronto, Ont., Canada.  
 Dr. Lewis Bishop, at Hubbardston, Mass.  
 Dr. George Herbert Tinges, at 22 S. 43rd street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Dr. E. Haight, at 410 Jone street, Ionia, Mich.  
 Dr. Francis X. Adelbert, at Somers, Mont.  
 Dr. Homer N. Clark, at El Paso, Ill.  
 Dr. Walter N. Dobson, at 310 First National Bank building, Mason City, Iowa.  
 Dr. J. F. Alderson, at Walnut, Kans.  
 Dr. E. Randolph Smith, at Box 53, River Falls, Wis.  
 Dr. Anna M. Drennan, at Goldberg building, Detroit, Mich.

**Married**

Dr. H. H. Trimble and Miss Bulford Claire Lewis, at Moultrie, Ga., June 5th.  
 Dr. J. R. Shike and Miss Mary Carolyn Morrison, of Greenfield, Iowa, June 5th.  
 Dr. Homer Earle Watkins, of Muskegon, Mich., to Miss Ella Elizabeth Gill, at Princeton, Ill., May 18.

**Born**

To Dr. and Mrs. John I. Emig, of Dixon, Illinois, May 25th, a baby boy, Irvin LeRoy.  
 To Dr. and Mrs. F. B. McTigue, of Charles City, Iowa, May 15th, a daughter, Mary Eleanor.  
 To Dr. and Mrs. J. F. Barbee, March 12th, a daughter, Helen Annazetta.  
 To Dr. and Mrs. H. A. Thayer, at Rochester, N. Y., March 3rd, a son, Harold Eugene.  
 To Dr. and Mrs. R. H. Nuckles, Marshall, Mo., March 24th, a son, Taylor Richard.  
 To Dr. and Mrs. Charles D. Finley, of Atlantic, Iowa, May 6th, a son, Charles David.

**Died**

Dr. P. B. Grow, of Des Moines, Iowa, April 29th.  
 Dr. Edwin M. Geyer, of Goshen, Ind., June 7th.  
 Robert Baker, son of Dr. Horation U. Baker, of Lone Tree, Iowa, May 31st, accidentally drowned. Aged 18 years.  
 Dr. George F. Horn, at his home in Haverhill, Mass., June 8th of apoplexy.  
 Dr. H. A. Glenn, at Newberg, Oregon, April 17th.  
 Dr. Bertha Keen, at Philadelphia, Pa., April 21st.  
 Dr. Mary C. Keith, at Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, January 30th.

**Want Ads**

**PRACTICE FOR SALE**—My health fails, will have to let go and take a rest. Town 20,000; richest town of its size in Wisconsin. Best location, finest rooms with permanent lease. Will sell with or without outfit. Address No. 309, care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago, Ill.

**OFFICE SPACE FOR RENT** in a well furnished office, Tuesday P. M., Thursday A. M., and Saturday P. M., central location, reasonable. Address No. 310, care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago, Ill.

**WANTED**—To purchase an established practice in a city of New York State. Address No. 313, care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago, Ill.

**PARTNER WANTED**—A competent D. O. who will buy half interest in office equipment. Can have full charge and all receipts for summer months of well established practice in good city of 15,000. Must take a rest. Address X, care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago.

**FOR EXCHANGE**—A cross-section anatomy, Eyles-hymer and Shoemaker, for a typewriter or good vibrator. Address No. 312, care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago, Ill.